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Digeriak or negliged to a transfer of martired to a menjural mension to Dep. Biol., Queen's Univ., Kingston, ON, 7KL 3N6, Plant Mol. Biol. (199 15(4), 665-9 CS SO CODEN: PMBIDB; ISSN: 0167-4412 DT Journal LA English L5 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS AB Comparison of the mass action ratios obtained from detn. of the amts. of glycolytic intermediates in anoxic and aerobic freeze-clamped samples of \*\*\*potato\*\*\* tubers with apparent equil. consts. showed that in vivo the reactions catalyzed by glucosephosphate isomerase, phosphoglycerate mutase, and enolase were close to equil. The ratios fructose 1,6-diphosphate:fructose 6-phosphate, and pyruvate:phosphoenolpyruvate indicated that reactions catalyzed by phosphofructokinase (EC 2.7.1.11) and \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* (EC 2.7.1.40), resp., were \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* displaced from equil. Stimulation of glycolysis by placing tubers in a N atm. caused declines in their contents of fructose 6-phosphate and phosphoenolpyruvate. Thus, phosphofructose may play a dominant role in regulating entry into glycolysis, and \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* may regulate exit therefrom, and \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* the oxidative pentose phosphate path. Cold-induced sweetening of the tubers is discussed in the light of these conclusions. AN TI Identification of the regulatory steps in glycolysis in \*\*\*potato\*\*\* tubers ₹8:8FR595COBY5ANB3CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0013 L5 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS AU Dixon, Wendy L.; Ap Rees, Tom CS Bot. Sch., Univ. Cambridge, Cambridge, CB2 3EA, Engl. SO Phytochemistry (1980), 19(7), 1297-301 CODEN: PYTCAS; ISSN: 0031-9422 DT Journal LA English L5 ANSWER 15 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS AB Storage of tubers of S. tuberosum at 10.degree. or 2.degree. for 15 days did not alter significantly the max. catalytic activities of sucrose phosphate synthetase, sucrose synthetase, glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, aldolase, and glyceraldehydephosphate dehydrogenase. The temp coeffs. of phosphofructokinase, glyceraldehydephosphate dehydrogenase, and \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* from the tubers were shown to be higher between 2.degree. and 10.degree. than between 10.degree. and 25. degree.. The rate of sugar accumulation at 2. degree. exceeded the activity of sucrose synthetase but was less than that of sucrose phosphate synthetase. It is suggested that sucrose accumulation at 2.degree, is catalyzed by sucrose phosphate synthetase, is not due to changes in the max. catalytic activities of any of the above enzymes, but may be due, in part, to the susceptibility of key glycolytic enzymes to cold. AN 83:41734 CA ΤI Activities of enzymes of sugar metabolism in cold-stored tubers of Solanum tuberosum AU Pollock, Christopher J.; Ap Rees, Tom CS Bot. Sch., Univ. Cambridge, Cambridge, Engl. SO Phytochemistry (1975), 14(3), 613-17 金石: 自身配295Cの例Y5合向の8CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0014 L5 ANSWER 15 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS CODEN: PYTCAS

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- L5 ANSWER 12 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS PY 1986
- L5 ANSWER 13 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Identification of the regulatory steps in glycolysis in \*\*\*potato\*\*\* tubers
- PY 1980
- L5 ANSWER 14 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Reversal of post translational tyrosylation of tubulin
- PY 1979
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Activities of enzymes of sugar metabolism in cold-stored tubers of Solanum tuberosum
- PY 1975
- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Comparative studies on metabolism of plant storage tissues with primary and secondary meristematic activity
- PY 1971
- L5 ANSWER 17 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Glucose metabolism of dereprimed plant storage parenchyma following inhibition of mitotic activity by tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane PY 1971
- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS #8:608285C00975AND6CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0011

- L5 ANSWER 18 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Enzyme activities and levels of substrates of glucose catabolism in proliferating and suberin-synthesizing tuber cells of Solanum tuberosum
- PY 1970
- L5 ANSWER 19 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- TI Regulation of glycolysis by the synthesis and degradation of enzymes PY 1969
- => d 15 10 13 15 ab bib
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
- ΑB The complete nucleotide sequence and derived amino acid sequence was detd. of the 2.0-kb \*\*\*potato\*\*\* cDNA. The nucleotide sequence contains an open reading frame (ORF) of 1530 bp corresponding to a polypeptide of 510 amino acids. The identification of the translation start site was facilitated by the homol. that this clone shares with the enzyme from mammals and yeast. The 3'-untranslated region is 378 bp in length including 5 bp of poly(A)+ tail. is one consensus polyadenylation signal (AATAAA) in the 3'-untranslated region of the \*\*\*potato\*\*\* cDNA clone and several other AT-rich regions that could also serve this function. At the 5' end of the clone there is an untranslated region of 97 bp. The ORF encodes a protein with a predicted Mr of 55,170 Da. This value is very similar to the subunit Mr of 56 kDa detd. by SDS-PAGE of purified cytosolic \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* plants.
- AN 114:222461 CA
- TI Cloning and characterization of a cDNA for the cytosolic isozyme of 28:878325C00Y5ANB1CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0012
- L5 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CA SEPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
  plant \*\*\*pyruvate\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* : the lationship between
  the plant and non-plant enzyme

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     ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
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     121:75330 CA
ΤI
     Plants with reduced susceptibility to plant-parasitic nematodes
IN
     Sijmons, Peter Christiaan; Goddijn, Oscar Johannes Maria; Van den
     Elzen, Petrus Josephus; Van der Lee, Frederique Mariann
PA
     Mogen International N.V., Neth.
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     PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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     Sijmons, Peter Christiaan; Goddijn, Oscar Johannes Maria; Van Den
     Elzen, Peter J. M.; Van Der Lee, Frederique Marianne
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     Mogen International N. V., Neth.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
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TI Plants with reduced susceptibility to plant-parasitic nematodes

PY 1994

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P0008

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TI Changes of carbohydrates, metabolites and enzyme activities in \*\*\*potato\*\*\* tubers during development, and within a single tuber along a stolon-apex gradient

PY 1993

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Structure of the gene encoding \*\*\*potato\*\*\* cytosolic \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\*

PY 1992

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Regulation of the expression of rbcS and other photosynthetic genes by carbohydrates: a mechanism for the 'sink regulation' of photosynthesis?

PY 1993

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Transgenic plants with reduced susceptibility to plant-parasitic nematodes

PY 1993

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Transgenic plants with modified metabolism.

PY 1992

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Normal growth of transgenic tobacco plants in the absence of cytosolic \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\*
28:88835009Y58NB5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0009

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

PY 1992

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Glycogen breakdown in cleaving Xenopus embryos is limited by ADP

PY 1992

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Contrasting roles for pyrophosphate:fructose-6-phosphate phosphotransferase during aging of tissue slices from \*\*\*potato\*\*\* tubers and carrot storage tissues

PY 1991

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Cloning and characterization of a cDNA for the cytosolic isozyme of plant \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* : the relationship between the plant and non-plant enzyme

PY 1990

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Proline metabolism in Solanum tuberosum cell suspension cultures under water stress

PY 1989

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 19 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI The content of ATP, ADP, AMP, inorganic phosphate, the activity of enzymes involved in the glycolytic pathway and some problems of its regulation, and energy balance in tobacco plants infected with \*\*\*potato\*\*\* virus Y

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68209 VECTOR?/BI

L2

Fossati, 435/14, 15, 21, 25, 26, 28 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

- 13. 4,794,175, Dec. 27, 1988, Glucoamylase CDNA; Jack Nunberg, et al., 536/24.3; 435/91.51, 91.53, 172.1, 172.3, 205, 254.3, 320.1, 914; 536/23.2, 23.7, 24.32; 935/14, 19, 21, 29, 68, 72, 73 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 14. 4,608,335, Aug. 26, 1986, Enzymatic urea assay; Piero Fossati, 435/12, 15, 25 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 15. 4,451,566, May 29, 1984, Methods and apparatus for enzymatically producing ethanol; Donald B. Spencer, 435/162, 175, 288, 813, 814, 815, 819 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 16. 4,303,752, Dec. 1, 1981, Selective determination of nucleotides in viable somatic and microbial cells; Seppo E. Kolehmainen, et al., 435/8, 18, 29, 34, 820 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- => d 15 7 8 11 ab

US PAT NO: 5,223,409 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L5: 7 of 16 27:48835C09Y16N05CLEAR PAGEU. BLEASEent & Trademark Office P0008

US PAT NO: 5,223,409 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L5: 7 of 16

#### ABSTRACT:

In order to obtain a novel binding protein against a chosen target, DNA molecules, each encoding a protein comprising one of a family of similar potential binding domains and a structural signal calling for the display of the protein on the outer surface of a chosen bacterial cell, bacterial spore or phage (genetic package) are introduced into a genetic package. The protein is expressed and the potential binding domain is displayed on the outer surface of the package. The cells or viruses bearing the binding domains which recognize the target molecule are isolated and amplified. The successful binding domains are then characterized. One or more of these successful binding domains is used as a model for the design of a new family of potential binding domains, and the process is repeated until a novel binding domain having a desired affinity for the target molecule is obtained. In one embodiment, the first family of potential binding domains is related to bovine pancreatic trypsin inhibitor, the genetic package is M13 phage, and the protein includes the outer surface transport signal of the M13 gene III protein.

US PAT NO: 5,223,408 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L5: 8 of 16

#### ABSTRACT:

A screening method for the selection of mutagenized proteins that are normally secreted by cells is described. The method includes the development of a cloning vector for the expression of secretory proteins as fusion proteins on the cell surface of transfected mammalian cells. The secreted protein is displayed on the cell surface by fusion with the glycophospholipid membrane anchor of decay accelerating factor (DAF). Tissue-type plasminogen activator (t-PA), which is normally secreted, is 27:ABR355COBY16ND2CLEAR PAGEU. BLEASEent & Trademark Office

US PAT NO: 5,223,408 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L5: 8 of 16 used as a model protein. PCR mutagenesis is used to generate random mutations within the Kringle 1 (K1) domain of t-PA. Fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) is employed to screen for t-PA mutants possessing a loss of an epitope to a specific Mab, whose nonlinear binding domains overlap with the t-PA clearance receptor contact regions novel t-PA mutants designated N115S, N1425S, and K159R were discovered by this method.

5: 11 of 16

US PAT NO: 5,045,463 ( GE AVAILABLE)

HEBIKHLII

A gene having a DNA sequence complementary to that of the glucoamylase polypeptide mRNA from a full lapecies, preferably As gillus awamori, is prepared. The mRNA is an approximately 2.2 kilobase poly A RNA obtained from fungal cells grown under conditions of glucoamylase induction. Reverse transcription of the mRNA provides a glucoamylase probe used to identify genomic digest fragments containing glucoamylase gene regions, which are sequenced to locate the introns and exons. The genomic fragments are spliced together to form a gene having a DNA sequence with altered or deleted introns which codes for fungal glucoamylase protein and is capable, when correctly combined with a cleaved DNA expression vector, of expressing a non-native protein having glucoamylase enzyme activity upon transformation of a host organism by the vector. The host is preferably bacteria or yeast. The transformed yeast host may be used to produce ethanol.

=> log y U.S. Patent & Trademark Office LOGOFF AT 19:19:09 ON 27 APR 95 albumin; Takao Ohmura, et al., 530/364; 435/69.6, \*\*70 1\*\* CIMAGE AVAILABLE

- 3. 5,288,622, Feb. 22, 1994, Human nerve growth factor by recombinant technology; Alane M. Gray, et al., 435/69.4, \*\*70.1\*\*, 71.1, 320.1; 530/399; 536/23.5, 23.51 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 4. 5,270,175, Dec. 14, 1993, Methods and compositions for producing metabolic products for algae; Benjamin A. Moll, 435/41, 69.1, \*\*70.1\*\*, 161, 172.3, 240.2, 320.1, 946; 536/23.2; 800/200, 205, DIG.7; 935/14, 23, 35, 67 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 5. 5,229,115, Jul. 20, 1993, Adoptive immunotherapy with interleukin-7; David H. Lynch, 424/93.71, 85.2, 534; \*\*435/70.1\*\*, 240.2 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- => s 11 and potato? 17064 POTATO? L5 16 L1 AND POTATO?
- => d 15 1-16
- 1. 5,387,756, Feb. 7, 1995, Modification of plant metabolism; Michael M. Burrell, et al., 800/205; 435/69.1, 70.1, 172.3, 194; 800/DIG.42 [IMAGE &9:8PR595COPY1ANB6CLEAR PAGEL.BLEASEent & Trademark Office P0006 AVAILABLE]
- 2. 5,367,060, Nov. 22, 1994, Structure, production and use of heregulin; Richard L. Vandlen, et al., 530/399, 350 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 3. 5,364,934, Nov. 15, 1994, Plasma carboxypeptidase; Dennis T. Drayna, et al., 536/23.2; 435/240.2, 252.3, 320.1 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 4. 5,346,991, Sep. 13, 1994, Tissue factor mutants useful for the treatment of myocardial infarction and coagulopathic disorders; Soumitra Roy, et al., 530/350; 435/172.3; 530/381, 829 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 5. 5,286,654, Feb. 15, 1994, Detection and purification of activin polypeptide; Edward T. Cox, et al., 436/501, 536; 530/388.22, 395, 413 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 6. 5,270,175, Dec. 14, 1993, Methods and compositions for producing metabolic products for algae; Benjamin A. Moll, 435/41, 69.1, 70.1, 161, 172.3, 240.2, 320.1, 946; 536/23.2; 800/200, 205, DIG.7; 935/14, 23, 35, 67 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 7. 5,223,409, Jun. 29, 1993, Directed evolution of novel binding proteins; Robert C. Ladner, et al., 435/69.7, 5, 69.1, 172.3, 252.3, 320.1; 530/387.3, 387.5 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 8. 5,223,408, Jun. 29, 1993, Method for making variant secreted proteins with altered properties; David V. Goeddel, et al., 435/69.3, 69.4, 69.52, 69.6, 69.7, 172.3, 189, 195, 215, 216, 226 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 9. 5,216,126, Jun. 1, 1993, Receptor polypeptides and their production and uses; Edward T. Cox, et al., 530/350, 388.22, 389.1 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] 29:APR585COBY18ND4CLEAR PAGEU.BLEASEent & Trademark Office P0007
- 10. 5,206,161, Apr. 27, 1993, Human plasma carboxypeptidase B; Dennis T. Drayna, et al., 435/212, 69.1 CIMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 11. 5,045,463, Sep. 3, 1991, DNA expression vector and use thereof; Michael A. Innis, et al., 435/205 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 12. 4,806,415, Feb. 21, 1989, Method and system for determining the

336 800/2?/CCLS L2 3 L1 AND 800/2?/CCLS

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- 1. 5,387,756, Feb. 7, 1995, Modification of plant metabolism; Michael M. Burrell, et al., \*\*800/205\*\*; 435/69.1, 70.1, 172.3, 194; 800/DIG.42 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 2. 5,270,175, Dec. 14, 1993, Methods and compositions for producing metabolic products for algae; Benjamin A. Moll, 435/41, 69.1, 70.1, 161, 172.3, 240.2, 320.1, 946; 536/23.2; \*\*800/200\*\*, \*\*205\*\*, DIG.7; 935/14, 23, 35, 67 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
- 3. 5,075,229, Dec. 24, 1991, Dietary and hormonal regulation of expression of exogenous genes in transgenic animals under control of the promoter of the gene for phosphoenolpyruvate carboxykinase; Richard W. Hanson, et al., 435/172.3; 514/44; \*\*800/2\*\*, DIG.2; 935/62, 111 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]
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US PAT NO: 5,387,756 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L2: 1 of 3
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US PAT NO: 5,387,756 [IMAGE AVAILABLE] L2: 1 of 3

DETDESC:

DETD(10)

A... of a pathway enzyme, for example a truncated pathway enzyme. The pathway enzyme may be, for example, PFK (EC 2.7.1.11), \*\*pyruvate\*\* \*\*kinase\*\* (PK) (EC 2.7.1.40), acid invertase (EC 3.2.1.26), starch synthase (EC 2.4.1.21), adenine diphosphoglucose pyrophosphorylase (EC 2.7.7.27), sucrose synthase (EC 2.4.1.13),...

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- These... carbon entering glycolysis for a given respiratory flux and in those plants where PFK activity is increased the enzymes (probably \*\*pyruvate\*\* \*\*kinase\*\* and PEP carboxylase) that use PEP are strongly influencing the flux.
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1. 5,387,756, Feb. 7, 1995, Modification of plant metabolism; Michael M. Burrell, et al., 800/205; (69.1, \*\*70.1\*\*, 172.3, 100; 800/DIG.42 [IMAGE AVAILABLE]

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ΤI \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* EC-2.1.7.40 OF HIGHER PLANTS.

AU TOMLINSON J D; TURNER J F

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The content of ATP, ADP, AMP, Pi, the activity of the enzymes AB involved in the glycolytic pathway, some problems of their regulation by adenine nucleotides and some basic problems connected with tissue energy balance were studied in tobacco plants infected with the \*\*\*potato\*\*\* virus Y (PVY). The contents of ATP and .SIGMA.AdN were increased in virus-infected tissues when compared with healthy tissues and correlated with the PVY reproduction curve. ADP and AMP contents decreased just after the inoculation and increased at the end of the experimental period. Pi content was not influenced by the infection. The activities of the key enzymes of the glycolytic pathway (6-phosphofructokinase, hexosediphosphatase, and \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* ), determined both in crude \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* homogenates and after partial purification, did not differ during the entire experimental period from the values found in healthy control tissues, similarly as the activities of glucosephosphate isomerase, glyceraldehydephosphate dehydrogenase, phosphoglyceromutase and enolase observed in crude homogenates. The unchanging AEC value in virus-infected tissues simultaneously indicated that no change in the rate of the glycolytic pathway occurred even under "in vivo" conditions at the period of the acute stage of infection.

ANSWER 13 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS L11

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- TI ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COMPLEMENTARY DNA CLONES FOR THE CYTOSOLIC AND PLASTID ISOZYMES OF \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\*
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- SO SYMPOSIUM ON THE GENETIC DISSECTION OF PLANT CELL PROCESSES HELD AT THE 20TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE KEYSTONE SYMPOSIA ON MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, KEYSTONE, COLORADO, USA, JANUARY 10-17, 1991. J CELL BIOCHEM SUPPL 0 (15 PART A). 1991. 64. CODEN: JCBSD7
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- AN 91:57468 BIOSIS
- DN BR40:22823
- TI CLONING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A COMPLEMENTARY DNA FOR THE CYTOSOLIC ISOZYME OF PLANT \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE PLANT AND NON-PLANT ENZYME.
- AU BLAKELEY S D; PLAXTON W C; DENNIS D T
- CS DEP. BIOL., QUEEN'S UNIV., KINGSTON, ONTARIO 7KL 3N6, CAN.
- SO PLANT MOL BIOL 15 (4). 1990. 665-670. CODEN: PMBIDB ISSN: 0167-4412
- LA English
- L11 ANSWER 8 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 90:369440 BIOSIS
- DN BR39:53916
- TI ISOLATION SEQUENCING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COMPLEMENTARY DNA CLONES FOR THE CYTOSOLIC ISOZYME OF PLANT \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\*
- AU BLAKELEY S D; DENNIS D T
- CS BIOL. DEP., QUEEN'S UNIV., KINGSTON, ONT., CAN.
- SO ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF PLANT PHYSIOLOGISTS, INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, USA, JULY 29-AUGUST 2, 1990. PLANT PHYSIOL (BETHESDA) 93 (1 SUPPL.). 1990. 16. CODEN: PLPHAY ISSN: 0032-0889
- DT Conference
- LA English
- L11 ANSWER 9 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS 27:ADR095COPY10ND5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0033

- L11 ANSWER 9 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 87:150306 BIOSIS
- DN BA83:79356
- TI THE CONTENT OF ATP ADP AMP INORGANIC PHOSPHATE THE ACTIVITY OF ENZYMES INVOLVED IN THE GLYCOLYTIC PATHWAY AND SOME PROBLEMS OF ITS REGULATION AND ENERGY BALANCE IN TOBACCO PLANTS INFECTED WITH \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* VIRUS Y.
- AU SINDELAR L
- CS INST. EXP. BOTANY, CZECHOSLOVAK ACAD. SCI., NA KARLOVCE I, 160 00 PRAHA 6, CZECH.
- SO BIOL PLANT (PRAGUE) 28 (6). 1986 (RECD. 1987). 449-459. CODEN: BPABAJ ISSN: 0006-3134
- LA English
- L11 ANSWER 10 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 80:288718 BIOSIS
- DN BA70:81214
- TI IDENTIFICATION OF THE GULATORY STEPS IN GLYCOLYS IN \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* SOLANUM BEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD SERS.
- AU DIXON W L; APREES T

abae

- ELECTIONER IN OFFICE CHECKET IN DISCUSSION OF THE COLUMN THE COLUM TI PHYSICAL CHEMICAL AND ENZYMOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION OF ENOL PYRUVATE.
- L10 ANSWER 12 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS TI STEREOCHEMISTRY OF KETONIZATION OF ENOL PYRUVATE BY \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* EVIDENCE FOR ITS ROLE AS AN INTERMEDIATE.
- L10 ANSWER 13 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS ΤI \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* EC-2.1.7.40 OF HIGHER PLANTS.
- => d 111 bib 1 2 4-10 13
- ANSWER 1 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 93:164691 BIOSIS
- DN BA95:85741
- TI STRUCTURE OF THE GENE ENCODING \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* CYTOSOLIC \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\*
- AU COLE K P; BLAKELEY S D; DENNIS D T
- CS DEP. BIOL., QUEENS UNIV., KINGSTON, ONT. K7L 3N6, CAN.
- SO GENE (AMST) 122 (2). 1992. 255-261. CODEN: GENED6 ISSN: 0378-1119
- LA English
- L11 ANSWER 2 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS 29:098095COPY09ND8CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0030

- ANSWER 2 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 93:32797 BIOSIS
- DN BA95:20997
- NORMAL GROWTH OF TRANSGENIC TOBACCO PLANTS IN THE ABSENCE OF CYTOSOLIC \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\*
- ΑU GOTTLOB-MCHUGH S G; SANGWAN R S; BLAKELEY S D; VANLERBERGHE G C; KO K; TURPIN D H; PLAXTON W C; MIKI B L; DENNIS D T
- CS DEP. BIOLOGY, QUEEN'S UNIV., KINGSTON, ONTARIO K7L 3N6, CAN.
- PLANT PHYSIOL (BETHESDA) 100 (2). 1992. 820-825. CODEN: PLPHAY ISSN: 0032-0889
- LA English
- L11 ANSWER 4 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 91:506351 BIOSIS
- DN BA92:129311
- ΤI CONTRASTING ROLES FOR PYROPHOSPHATE FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE DURING AGING OF TISSUE SLICES FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBERS AND CARROT STORAGE TISSUES.
- AU HAJIREZAEI M; STITT M
- CS LEHRSTUHL PFLANZENPHYSIOLOGIE, UNIV. BAYREUTH, 8580 BAYREUTH, WEST GERMANY.
- SO PLANT SCI (LIMERICK) 77 (2). 1991. 177-184. CODEN: PLSCE4 ISSN: 0168-9452
- LA English
- ANSWER 5 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS 27:APR185COPYORNDOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0031

- ANSWER 5 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- AN 91:197361 BIOSIS
- DN BR40:94641
- TI GENOMIC ANALYSIS OF CYTOSOLIC AND PLASTID \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* AND CASTOR BEAN.
- AU COLE K P; BLAKELEY S D; DENNIS D T
- CS
- DEP. BIOL., QUEEN'S UNÍV., KINGSTON, ONT. K7L 3N6, CAN. SYMPOSIUM ON THE GENETIC DISSECTION OF PLANT CELL PROCESSES HELD AT THE 20TH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE KEYSTONE SYMPOSIA ON MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY, KEYSTONE, COLORADO, USA, JANUARY 10-17, 1991. J CELL BIOCHEM SUPPL Ø (15 PART A). 1991. 67. CODEN: JCBSD7
- DT Conference

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MD 30 NOT 2 VALUE FIELD DODG
            Ø PYRUVATE/AB
        26447 PYRUVATE/BI
            0 KINASE?/AB
       107058 KINASE?/BI
         5644 (PYRUVATE(W)KINASE?)/AB, BI
            0 POTATO?/AB
        32413 POTATO?/BI
L10
           13 L1 AND POTATO?/AB,BI
=> s 110 not 19
L11 13 L10 NOT L9
=> d 111 ti
L11 ANSWER 1 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI STRUCTURE OF THE GENE ENCODING ***POTATO*** CYTOSOLIC
   ***PYRUVATE*** ***KINASE*** .
=> d 110 2-13 ti
L10 ANSWER 2 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI NORMAL GROWTH OF TRANSGENIC TOBACCO PLANTS IN THE ABSENCE OF
   CYTOSOLIC ***FYRUVATE*** ***KINASE*** .
L10 ANSWER 3 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI GLYCOGEN BREAKDOWN IN CLEAVING XENOPUS EMBRYOS IS LIMITED BY ADP.
L10 ANSWER 4 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
#9: @PR595COPY00M04CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                 P0028
L10 ANSWER 4 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI CONTRASTING ROLES FOR PYROPHOSPHATE FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE
   PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE DURING AGING OF TISSUE SLICES FROM ***POTATO***
    TUBERS AND CARROT STORAGE TISSUES.
L10 ANSWER 5 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI GENOMIC ANALYSIS OF CYTOSOLIC AND PLASTID ***PYRUVATE***
   ***KINASE*** FROM ***POTATO*** AND CASTOR BEAN.
L10 ANSWER 6 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COMPLEMENTARY DNA CLONES FOR THE
   CYTOSOLIC AND PLASTID ISOZYMES OF ***PYRUVATE*** ***KINASE***
        ***POTATO*** AND CASTOR BEAN ENDOSPERM.
L10 ANSWER 7 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI CLONING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF A COMPLEMENTARY DNA FOR THE CYTOSOLIC
    ISOZYME OF PLANT ***PYRUVATE*** ***KINASE*** THE RELATIONSHIP
   BETWEEN THE FLANT AND NON-FLANT ENZYME.
L10 ANSWER 8 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI ISOLATION SEQUENCING AND CHARACTERIZATION OF COMPLEMENTARY DNA CLONES
   FOR THE CYTOSOLIC ISOZYME OF PLANT ***PYRUVATE*** ***KINASE***
L10 ANSWER 9 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI THE CONTENT OF ATP ADP AMP INORGANIC PHOSPHATE THE ACTIVITY OF
   ENZYMES INVOLVED IN THE GLYCOLYTIC PATHWAY AND SOME PROBLEMS OF ITS
   REGULATION AND ENERGY BALANCE IN TOBACCO PLANTS INFECTED WITH
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L10 ANSWER 10 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
TI IDENTIFICATION OF THE SULATORY STEPS IN GLYCOLYS IN
\*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* SOLANUM JBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD ERS.

P0029

27:000055C009Y00ND4CLEAR PAGE, PLEAS6TN INTERNATIONAL

VIRUS Y.

\*\*\*POTATO\*\*\*

=> d 19 1-13 ti 29:088095C09Y0AN04CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0025

- L9 ANSWER 1 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI Construction, expression and characterization of a \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\*
  -encoded Na+-specific ATPase hybrid consisting of Propionigenium
  modestum F-O-ATPase and Escherichia coli F-1-ATPase.
- L9 ANSWER 2 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI \*\*\*Transformation\*\*\* of Trichoderma reesei based on hygromycin B resistance using homologous expression signals.
- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI THE ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\*
  \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* -ENCODING GENE FROM THE YEAST YARROWIA-LIPOLYTICA.
- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI REGULATION OF FITNESS IN YEAST OVEREXPRESSING GLYCOLYTIC ENZYMES RESPONSES TO HEAT SHOCK AND NITROGEN STARVATION.
- L9 ANSWER 5 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF THE ASPERGILLUS-NIGER \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* GENE.
- L9 ANSWER 6 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI REGULATION OF FITNESS IN YEAST OVEREXPRESSING GLYCOLYTIC ENZYMES PARAMETERS OF GROWTH AND VIABILITY.
- L9 ANSWER 7 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI MULTIPLE COPIES OF THE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* GENE AFFECT YEAST CELL GROWTH.
- 27:00005CODY00NB6CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0026

- L9 ANSWER 8 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI EXPRESSION OF A YEAST GLYCOLYTIC GENE IS SUBJECT TO DOSAGE LIMITATION.
- L9 ANSWER 9 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI ISOLATION AND \*\*\*TRANSFORMATION\*\*\* OF THE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\*
  \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* GENE OF ASPERGILLUS-NIDULANS.
- L9 ANSWER 10 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI BIOCHEMICAL HETEROGENEITY OF IN-VITRO \*\*\*TRANSFORMED\*\*\* SWISS-3T3 CELL CULTURES.
- L9 ANSWER 11 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI MOLECULAR CLONING OF COMPLEMENTARY DNA FOR RAT L TYPE

  \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* EC-2.7.1.40 AND ALDOLASE B

  EC-4.1.2.13.
- L9 ANSWER 12 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
- TI MOLECULAR CLONING OF DNA COMPLEMENTARY TO RAT L TYPE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\*

  \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* MESSENGER RNA NUTRITIONAL AND HORMONAL REGULATION OF L

  TYPE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\* \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* EC 2.7.1.40 MESSENGER RNA

  CONCENTRATION.
- L9 ANSWER 13 OF 13 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 1995 BIOSIS
  TI ISOLATION CHARACTERIZATION AND SEQUENCE OF THE \*\*\*PYRUVATE\*\*\*
  \*\*\*KINASE\*\*\* GENE OF SACCHAROMYCES-CEREVISIAE.
- = s 15

J-11-12 TI The isolation, characterization, and sequence of the Burke, Rae Lyn; Tekamp-Olson, Patricia; Najarian, Richard AU yholes Chiron Corp., Emeryville, CA, 94608, USA CS J. Biol. Chem. (1983), 258(4), 2193-201 SO CODEN: JBCHA3: ISSN: 0021-9258 Journal DT English LA 27:00R125COPY00NB0CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL **L7** ANSWER 20 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS => s l& and agrobacterium/ab, bi 3231 AGROBACTERIUM/AB 4801 AGROBACTERIUM/BI L8 2 L2 AND AGROBACTERIUM/AB, BI => d 18 1-2 ti py ANSWER 1 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS L8 TI Plants with reduced susceptibility to plant-parasitic nematodes PΥ ANSWER 2 OF 2 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS L8 TI Transgenic plants with modified metabolism. PΥ 1992 => file biosis TOTAL COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 77.26 78.04 SINCE FILE DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) TOTAL ENTRY SESSION CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE -3.36 -3.36FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 19:04:44 ON 27 APR 95 COPYRIGHT (C) 1995 BIOSIS(R) PØØ24 27:008495CODYOAND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEASBIN INTERNATIONAL FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE. CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE. RECORDS LAST ADDED: 11 April 1995 (950411/ED) CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS (R) LAST ADDED: 12 April 1995 (950412/UP) As of December 31, 1993 the BIOSIS File will be updated weekly with information from both publications. SDIs will now be run weekly. For more information enter HELP UPDATE and HELP COST at an arrow prompt(=)). = > 5 14'AB' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE Ø PYRUVATE/AB 26447 PYRUVATE/BI Ø KINASE?/AB 107058 KINASE?/BI 5644 (PYRUVATE(W)KINASE?)/AB, BI @ PLASMID?/AB 48472 PLASMID?/BI @ VECTOR?/AB 45698 VECTOR?/BI @ CLONE?/AB 92340 CLONE?/BI

\*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene of Aspergillus nidulans

AU De Graaff, Leo; Van de Broek, Henk; Visser, Jaa

CS Dep. Genet., Agric. Univ., Wageningen, NL-6703 BM, Neth.

SO Curr. Genet. (1988), 13(4), 315-21 CODEN: CUGED5; ISSN: 0172-8083

DT Journal

English

LA

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

AB A method for enhancing the prodn. of heterologous proteins in fungi 29:028105C09Y00NP5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0021

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS by recombinant DNA techniques involves fusion of a gene encoding a heterologous protein produced in large amt. and in stable form in the host to a sequence encoding a desired heterologous protein, where the hybrid proteins produced are joined by a selectively cleavable linkage. \*\*\*Plasmid\*\*\* pYASI1 was constructed which contains the human superoxide dismutase gene fused to the amino terminus of the human proinsulin gene, with a methionine codon at the junction, under the control of the hybrid inducible ADH2-GAP promoter and the GAP terminator. The fusion protein produced by \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* \*\*\*transformants\*\*\* accounts for .gtoreq.10% of the total cell protein. After cleavage of the hybrid protein at the methionine junction using CNBr and formic acid in water, the proinsulin was converted to its S-sulfonate form in the presence of urea, Na sulfite, and Na tetrathionate, and was purified on an ion-exchange column. Proinsulin-S-sulfonate obtained was 90% pure, and the yield was 150 mg protein/124 g \*\*\*yeast\*\*\*

AN 106:28521 CA

TI Improved expression using fused genes providing for protein product

IN Cousens, Lawrence S.; Tekamp-Olson, Patricia A.; Shuster, Jeffrey R.; Merryweather, James P.

PA Chiron Corp., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 36 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

PI EP 196056 A2 861001

DS R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE

AI EP 86-104066 860325

PRAI US 85-717209 850328

DT Patent

AB

LA English

#9:008455CO9Y00ND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0022

L7 ANSWER 17 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

The S. cerevisiae gene encoding the glycolytic enzyme [9001-59-6] was isolated by \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* complementation of a pyk mutant with DNA from a wild type \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* genomic library. \*\*\*Pyruvate\*\*\* activity is 20-fold higher in the \*\*\*transformant\*\*\* parental strain and is glucose-inducible. The \*\*\*cloned\*\*\* was localized by hybridization of DNA fragments to \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* poly(A) + RNA and by complementation of the mutant defect with select subclones. A DNA sequence of 2885 nucleotides encoding a protein of 499 amino acids is reported. A polypeptide chain of 34 residues of \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* amino acid sequence closely resembles a peptide sequence at the ADP-binding site of bovine muscle The 5' end of the \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* . \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* mRNA was mapped and starts within \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* the DNA sequence CAAG at -38 to -27 nucleotides upstream from the 1st ATG. The sequence PyAAPu (Pu = purine; Py = pyrimidine) in this region appears to be a common consensus site for \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* polymerase II transcriptional starts.

DT Patent LA Japanese L7 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS AB \*\*\*Plasmid\*\*\* pKY54 is constructed contg. the promoter and terminator of the \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* (PK) gene for use in foreign gene expression in \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* The DNA fragment flanking the 5' end of the PK structural gene was isolated from a Saccharomyces cerevisiae genomic library. downstream end of this fragment was inserted in \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\* pKY51 (in which the PK gene promoter fragment lacked the ₹9:00R205CODY00ND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0019 L7 ANSWER 13 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS corresponding downstream sequence) to give \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\* contg. (from the 5' end) the PK gene promoter, a BamHI site, and the PK gene terminator. Insertion of apolipoprotein E (APE) gene in the BamHI site yielded \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\* pKY54APEd. S. cerevisiae \*\*\*Transformed\*\*\* with this \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\* produced 3 times more APE than those \*\*\*transformed\*\*\* with pKY51 contg. APE gene AN 109:123809 CA ΤI Construction of \*\*\*plasmid\*\*\* containing \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene promoter and terminator for expression of heterologous genes in \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* IN Araki, Reiko; Nishizawa, Masabumi; Teranishi, Yutaka PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF PΙ JP 63112984 A2 880518 Showa ΑI JP 86-259651 861031 DT Patent LA Japanese L7 ANSWER 14 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS AB The A. nidulans \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\*

SE COLIOTER ME MOSTIE MINUMA

JP 87-108384 870501

- +

ΑI

AB The A. nidulans \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene was isolated by heterologous hybridization using the corresponding \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* gene as a probe. A 2.9 kb EcoRI/BamHI fragment, which exclusively hybridized to the \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* gene, was subcloned in pBR322. This \*\*\*clone\*\*\* was used to \*\*\*transform\*\*\* an A. nidulans pkiA deletion mutant to PKI+. The anal. of \*\*\*transformants\*\*\* with respect to the kind of integration revealed about 80% homologous integration: 55% by a double

29:00035CODYCOND6CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

ANSWER 14 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS cross-over event (type III integration), 25% by a single cross-over event (type I integration). Type II \*\*\*transformants\*\*\* that arise by non-homologous integration have not been further characterized with respect to the sites of integration. A direct correlation between the no. of copies of the gene integrated into the genome and the measured \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* activity was found after growth on a glycolytic carbon source. this, it was concluded that the 2.9 kb EcoRI/BamHI fragment contains the complete \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* structural gene, including the promoter region. However, after growth on a gluconeogenic carbon source, the regulation of gene expression was found to be disturbed. On acetate an increase in activity per gene copy (0.2 IU) was found in the \*\*\*transformants\*\*\* , as compared with wild-type levels. It is suggested that the \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene is regulated by neg. control, and that some sequences involved in his regulation are missing in the \*\*\*cloned\*\*\* fragme

Who for

P0020

AN 109:49532 CA

L7

L12 ANSWER 3 DF 6

नंं RIBOSOMAL DNA METHYLATION IN A FLAX GENOTROPH AND A CROWN GALL TUMOR.

LE ANSWER 4 OF 6

CHARACTERIZATION OF THE T-REGION OF THE SUCCINAMOPINE-TYPE TI-PLASMID PT-IAT-181 IDENTIFICATION OF A GENE INVOLVED IN SUCCINAMOPINE SYNTHESIS.

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 6

TI THE USE OF PNJ-5000 AS AN INTERMEDIATE VECTOR FOR THE GENETIC MANIPULATION OF AGROBACTERIUM TI-PLASMIDS.

ANSWER 6 OF 6

TI NOPALINE TI PLASMID PTIT-37 TUMOR DNA INSERTIONS INTO A FLAX LINUM-USITATISSIMUM GENOME.

=> d l12 1 ab bib

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 6

13: WG V401COPY10NBOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0063

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 6

AN 90:440889 BIOSIS

DN BR39:88750

ALTERATION IN GLYCOLYTIC INTERMEDIATES BY GENETIC MANIPULATION OF PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE.

AU MOONEY P; \*\*\*BLUNDY K\*\*\* ; BLUNDY M; CARTER D; WILSON F; BURRELL M

CS ADVANCED TECHNOL. LIMITED, 210 CAMBRIDGE SCIENCE PARK, CAMBRIDGE CB4 4WA. UK.

SO 7TH CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATION OF EUROPEAN SOCIETIES OF PLANT PHYSIOLOGY, UMEA, SWEDEN, AUGUST 5-10, 1990. PHYSIOL PLANT 79 (2 PART 2). 1990. A59. CODEN: PHPLAI ISSN: 0031-9317

DT Conference

English

=> file ca

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ENTRY SESSION 0.36 0.36

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=> s phosphofructokinase/ab,bi

3782 PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE/AB

2557 PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE/BI

4272 PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE/AB, BI L1

=> s l1 and (potato or solanum)/ab,bi

15193 POTATO/AB

15842 POTATO/BI

1575 SOLANUM/AB

2476 SOLANUM/BI

27 L1 AND (POTATO OR SOLANUM)/AB, BI

=> d 12 1-27 ti py

ANSWER 1 OF 27

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A study of effects of sprout inhibitors isopropyl N-(3-chlorophenyl) TI carbamate and maleic hydrazide on ATP and PPi-dependent phosphofructokinases and sugars during storage of selected potato cultivars

1990 PY

ANSWER 2 OF 27 L2

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P0003

ANSWER 2 OF 27 L2

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

ΤI Phosphofructokinase in relation to sugar accumulation in cold-stored potato tubers

1991 PΥ

L2 ANSWER 3 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

ΤI Respiratory enzyme activity in low-temperature sweetening of susceptible and resistant potatoes

PY 1990

L2 ANSWER 4 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

ΤI Pyrophosphate-dependent pasphofructokinase. Conservation of e .alpha. - and .beta. - subt ts and with protein sequence between the ATP-dependent phosphofructokinase

ארבז אר

L2 ANSWER 5 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Activation of mammalian phosphofructokinases by ribose 1,5-bisphosphate

PY 1990

13: MOV301CORY40NBOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0004

L2 ANSWER 6 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Evolution of phosphofructokinase

PY 1989

L2 ANSWER 7 OF 27

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TI Molecular, kinetic, and immunological properties of the 6-phosphofructokinase from the green alga Selenastrum minutum. Activation during biosynthetic carbon flow

PY 1990

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 27

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TI Effect of low temperature on the activity of phosphofructokinase from potato tubers

PY 1990

L2 ANSWER 9 OF 27

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TI Proline metabolism in Solanum tuberosum cell suspension cultures under water stress

PY 1989

13: NG V591COPY4AND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0005

L2 ANSWER 10 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Effects of low temperature on the respiratory metabolism of carbohydrates by plants

PY 1988

L2 ANSWER 11 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Molecular characterization of four forms of phosphofructokinase purified from potato tuber

PY 1988

L2 ANSWER 12 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Inorganic pyrophosphate:fructose-6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase of the potato tuber is related to the major ATP-dependent phosphofructokinase of E. coli

PY 1988

L2 ANSWER 13 OF 27

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Molecular comparison of pyrophosphate- and ATP-dependent fructose 6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferases from potato tuber

ANSWER 14 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

Immunological characterization of the pyrophosphate dependent fructose-6-phosphate phosphotransferase

PY 1988

- ANSWER 15 OF 27 L2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- TI Electrophoretic determination of fructose 6-phosphate, 2-kinase PΥ 1988
- ANSWER 16 OF 27 L2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- TI ATP- and pyrophosphate-dependent phosphofructokinase activity and reducing sugar content in potatoes as influenced by reconditioning and isopropyl-m-chlorocarbanilate

PΥ 1987

- ANSWER 17 OF 27 L2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- TI Enzymes of the pentose phosphate pathway in callus-forming potato tuber disks grown at various temperatures PY 13: NOV381CORY46NDOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0007
- L2 ANSWER 18 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- ΤI A preliminary study of PFP in germinating potatoes PΥ 1986
- L2 ANSWER 19 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- Fructose 2,6-bisphosphate in rat erythrocytes. Inhibition of TI fructose 2,6-bisphosphate synthesis and measurement by glycerate 2.3-bisphosphate PY 1987
- ANSWER 20 OF 27 L2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- TI The content of ATP, ADP, AMP, inorganic phosphate, the activity of enzymes involved in the glycolytic pathway and some problems of its regulation, and energy balance in tobacco plants infected with potato virus Y PΥ 1986
- L2 ANSWER 21 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
- TI Effects of temperature and chloropropham on phosphofructokinase, mitochondrial respiration and reducing sugars in dormant Nooksack potato tubers 1985

13: 村日4091CDPY46NB3CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0008

L2 ANSWER 21 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

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ANSWER 22 OF 27
L2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHECAL SOCIETY
     Sugar metabolism in developing tubers of Solanum tuberosum
TI
PY
     1986
L2
     ANSWER 23 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Cold-lability of phosphofructokinase from potato tubers
PΥ
     1981
L2
     ANSWER 24 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Identification of the regulatory steps in glycolysis in potato
     tubers
PΥ
     1980
     ANSWER 25 OF 27
L2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
ΤI
     Carbohydrate metabolism in broom rape, an angiospermic 'total'
     parasite
PY
     1978
13: NOV 391CORY46NB2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                      P0009
L2
     ANSWER 26 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Activities of enzymes of sugar metabolism in cold-stored tubers of
     Solanum tuberosum
PΥ
     1975
     ANSWER 27 OF 27
L2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Phosphofructokinase of Solanum tuberosum tuber
PΥ
     1973
=) s 12 and (gene or genes or plasmid? or vector? or agrabacterium)/ab, bi
        106321 GENE/AB
        139920 GENE/BI
         54945 GENES/AB
         35911 GENES/BI
         36939 PLASMID?/AB
         25992 PLASMID?/BI
         45850 VECTOR?/AB
         12931 VECTOR?/BI
          1914 AGROBACTERIUM/AB
          2451 AGROBACTERIUM/BI
             2 L2 AND (GENE OR GENES OR PLASMID? OR VECTOR? OR AGROBACTER
               IUM)/AB, BI
=> d 13 1-2 ti py
13:804501COPY40ND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                      P0010
L3
     ANSWER 1 OF 2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
ΤI
     Pyrophosphate-dependent phosphofructokinase. Conservation of
     protein sequence between the .alpha.- and .beta.-subunits and with
     the ATP-dependent phosphofructokinase
```

1990

PY

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H" Y
     ANSWER 12 OF 20 CA PYRIGHT 1995 ACS
L7
ΤI
     Glycolytic enzyme gene promoter in protein manufacture with
     recombinant
                  ***yeast***
PΥ
     1988
     ANSWER 13 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
L7
ΤI
                      ***plasmid*** containing ***yeast***
    ***kinase*** gene promoter and terminator for
     Construction of
     ***pyruvate***
     expression of heterologous genes in ***yeast***
FΥ
L7
     ANSWER 14 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
TI
     Isolation and ***transformation***
                                           of the ***pyruvate***
     ***kinase*** gene of Aspergillus nidulans
PΥ
     1988
ድም: ወይዩ185COBY ወይዝይወCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0017
L7
     ANSWER 15 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
ΤI
     Signal sequence of human preproparathyroid hormone is inactive in
     ***yeast***
PΥ
     1987
L7
     ANSWER 16 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
       ***Yeast*** promoters
ΤI
PΥ
     1987
L7
     ANSWER 17 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
ΤI
     Improved expression using fused genes providing for protein product
FΥ
     1986
L7
     ANSWER 18 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
TI
     Human natural inhibitor of collagenases
PΥ
     1986
L7
     ANSWER 19 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
TI
       ***Yeast*** expression systems with ***vectors***
                                                                having
     GAPDH or PyK promoters, and synthesis of foreign proteins
PY
     1984
L7
     ANSWER 20 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
ΤI
     The isolation, characterization, and sequence of the
     ***pyruvate***
                      ***kinase*** gene of Saccharomyces cerevisiae
PΥ
     1983
=> d 17 12-14 17 20 ab bib
#9:008295C08Y08NB6CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0018
L.7
     ANSWER 12 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS
AB
     A method of manufg. a protein is disclosed comprising expression of
     the gene from a promoter of a ***yeast*** glycolytic enzyme gene
                       ***yeast*** cultivated in a medium for non-EtOH
     in a recombinant
               ***Plasmid***
                             pKY54AP3 encoding human apoprotein E (II)
     with the I promoter located usptream was constructed.
     ***transformed*** Saccharomyces cerevisiae was cultured in a
     medium contg. (0.01% glucose (non-EtOH fermn. condition) for 52 h
     until the OD610 reached 80. The prodn. of II was induced by
     increasing the glucose concn. to 50 g/L.
AN
     111:72524 CA
TI
     Glycolytic enzyme gene promoter in protein manufacture with
     recombinant
                  ***yeast***
IN
     Matsui, Yasushi; Teranishi, Yutaka
PΑ
     Mitsubishi Kasei Corp., Japan
SO
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
     CODEN: JKXXAF
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L3
     ANSWER 2 OF 2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     Evolution of phosphofructokinase
PΥ
     1989
=> d 13 1-2 ab bib
L3
     ANSWER 1 OF 2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
AB
     Full-length cDNA clones for the .alpha. - and .beta. - subunits of
     pyrophosphate-fructose 6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase have been
     isolated from a cDNA expression library derived from potato tuber
     poly(A) + RNA. The nucleotide sequences indicate that the .alpha.-
     and .beta.-subunits are related with .apprx.40% of amino acid
     residues being identical. A comparison of the deduced amino acid
     sequences of both subunits of this enzyme with that of the major
     ATP-dependent fructose 6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase from
     Escherichia coli showed little homol. between the proteins except
     for regions involved in the binding of fructose 6-
     phosphate/fructose, 1,6-bisphosphate, and possibly between regions
18: HOWOS1CORY4AMB2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
     ANSWER 1 OF 2
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     binding pyrophosphate and the .beta.- and .gamma.-phosphates of
```

ADP/ATP. A comparison of the derived secondary structures of the two subunits of the PPi-dependent enzyme with the known secondary structure of the E. coli ATP-dependent enzyme indicated that the overall structure of these enzymes is similar. These data suggest that catalytic activity resides on the .beta.-subunit of the pyrophosphate-dependent enzyme.

AN CA114(17):159761t

Pyrophosphate-dependent phosphofructokinase. ΤI Conservation of protein sequence between the .alpha. - and .beta. - subunits and with the ATP-dependent phosphofructokinase

AU Carlisle, Sara M.; Blakeley, Stephen D.; Hemmingsen, Sean M.; Trevanion, Stephen J.; Hiyoshi, Toru; Kruger, Nicholas J.; Dennis, David T.

CS Dep. Biol., Queen's Univ.

LO Kingston, ON K7L 3N6, Can.

SO J. Biol. Chem., 265(30), 18366-71

SC 7-5 (Enzymes)

SX 3, 11

DT J

CO **JBCHA3** 

IS 0021-9258

PΥ 1990

LA Eng

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY 13:MQ4281COPY4AND5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0012

P0011

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 2 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB Comparative sequence data suggest that mammalian phosphofructokinase (PFK) has evolved from a prokaryotic precursor by gene duplication, fusion, and mutation of previous catalytic sites into new regulatory ligand binding sites. Two approaches are used to examine this These events are duplicated by recombinant DNA technol. synthetic oligonucleotide that matches the mammalian nk peptide was used to rejoin 2 Escholichia coli PFK genes. The roduct was analyzed and mutagenized. In the second approach, two unique PKFs,

```
their evolutionary path. Pespite great overall mol. differences, antibody data suggest simparities among the various Ks.
AN
     CA113(19):166487r
TI
     Evolution of phosphofructokinase
AU
     Kemp, R. G.
CS
     Med. Sch., Univ. Health Sci.
     Chicago, IL, USA
LO
     Report, Order No. AD-A211741, 4 pp. Avail. NTIS
SO
     From: Gov. Rep. Announce. Index (U. S.) 1989, 89(24), Abstr. No.
     965, 131
SC
     3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)
     7, 13
SX
DT
     Т
PΥ
     1989
LA
     Eng
=> d 12 3 8 10-12 16-17 21 ab bib
13:N8∀431COPY48ND5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                      P0013
L2
     ANSWER 3 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     During storage at 4.degree. and 12.degree., a potato cultivar
AB
     susceptible to chill-sweetening (Norchip) accumulated significantly
     higher levels of sucrose, fructose and glucose than a potato
     selection resistant to chill-sweetening (ND 860-2). ND 860-2 tubers
     exhibited a significantly higher respiration rate throughout
     storage, reflected in higher activities of phosphofructokinase,
     glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PDH) and 6-phosphogluconate
     dehydrogenase. Storage significantly reduced respiration rate for
     both cultivars. G6PDH showed no significant difference in specific
     activity or Vmax between 4.degree. and 12.degree. for either
     cultivar. However, Km decreased at 4.degree. for both cultivars,
     possibly due to buildup of substrate.
AN
     CA115(1):7304d
TI
     Respiratory enzyme activity in low-temperature sweetening of
     susceptible and resistant potatoes
AU
     Barichello, Valerie; Yada, Rickey Y.; Coffin, Robert H.; Stanley,
     David W.
CS
     Dep. Food Sci., Univ. Guelph
LO
     Guelph, ON N1G 2W1, Can.
SO
     J. Food Sci., 55(4), 1060-3
SC
     17-10 (Food and Feed Chemistry)
DT
     J
CO
     JFDSAZ
IS
     0022-1147
PΥ
     1990
LA
     Eng
13: MOV401CORY48ND1CLEAR FAGE, FLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                      P0014
L2
     ANSWER 8 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
AB
     The cold-lability of phosphofructokinase (EC 2.7.1.11) from tubers
     of potato cultivars (cvs.) differing in their propensity to
     accumulate sugars at low temp. was compared. When stored at
     4.degree. for 6 wk, the sugar content of tubers of Solanum tuberosum
     cv. Record doubled whereas the amt. of sugar in tubers of cv.
     Brodick and an advanced breeding clone (13676) decreased slightly.
     Tubers from each line contained 4 forms of phosphofructokinase.
     Over the range 12-16.degree. the temp. coeffs. of the 4 forms of
     phosphofructokinase from cvs. Record and Brodick were similar.. In
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cv. Record, the temp. coeffs. of 4 of the enzyme forms were

significantly higher at 2-6.degree. than at 12-16.degree., whereas those from cv. Brodick were unchanged. These results are consistent

-a potato enzyme and one from Propionibacterium, were studied to det.

with the proposal that inactivation of phosphorructokinase at low temp. results in the accumulation of hexose phosphates leading to increased sucrose synthesis.

AN CA112(21):195349g

TI Effect of low temperature on the activity of phosphofructokinase

from potato tubers AU Hammond, John B. W.; Burrell, Michael M.; Kruger, Nicholas J.

CS Dep. Biochem. Physiol., AFRC Inst. Arable Crops Res.

LO Harpenden/Herts. ALS 2JQ, UK

SO Planta, 180(4), 613-16

11-2 (Plant Biochemistry)

SX 7

SC

DT J

CO PLANAB

IS 0032-0935

18: HBV191CORY49NB8CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0015

L2 ANSWER 8 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY PY 1990 LA Eng

L2 ANSWER 10 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB The effects of lowering the temp. from 25.degree. to 2-8.degree. on carbohydrate metab. by plant cells are considered. Particular emphasis is placed on the mechanism of cold-induced sweetening in tubers of potato (Solanum tuberosum). Temps. between Ø and 10.degree. caused a marked redn. in the rate of respiration of a wide range of plant tissues. At these temps, the ability of suspension cultures of soybean (Glycine max), and callus cultures and tubers of potato to metabolize [14C]glucose was appreciably diminished. The detailed distribution of 14C showed that lowering the temp. decreased the proportion of the metabolized [14C]glucose that entered the respiratory pathways and increased the proportion converted to sucrose. Pulse and chase expts., in which [14C]glucose was supplied to potato tubers at 2 and 25.degree., showed that lowering the temp. led to accumulation of label in hexose 6-phosphates, which were subsequently converted to sucrose. patterns of 14002 prodn. from specifically labeled [140]glucose supplied to soybean suspension cultures and disks of potato tuber suggested that lowering the temp. reduced the activity of glycolysis more than that of the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway. Apparently, lowering the temp. not only reduces the rate of carbohydrate metab. but also alters the relative activities of the different pathways involved. A disproportionate redn. in glycolysis 13:M09381CDEY56ND7CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0016

### L2 ANSWER 10 OF 27

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at the lower temps. is suggested. Mature tubers of many varieties of potato accumulate sucrose and hexose when stored between 2 and 10.degree.. Starch is the source of C for this synthesis of sugar. Cytosolic fructose-1,6-bisphosphtase could not be detected in potato tubers. Apparently, C for sugar synthesis in the cold leaves the amyloplast, not as triose phosphate, but probably as a 6-C compd. Evidence is presented that phosphofructokinase (PFK) plays a major role in regulating the entry of hexose 6-phosphates into glycolysis in potato tubers. PFK was purified from potato tubers and shown to consist of 4 forms. Three of these forms had higher Q10 values over the range 2-6.degree. than over the range 12-16.degree. and are regarded as being cold-labile. No such cold-lability was detected for the key enzymes involved in sucrose synthesis and the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway. Thus, in potatoes stored 2-8.degree. the cold-lability of PFK leads to a greater redn. in glycolysis than

in other pathways that consume hexose 6-phosphates. The increased availability of the latter is seen as leading to increased synthesis of sucrose. Addnl., a new preeding clone to potato that did not show cold-lability of PFK did not accumulate significant amts. of sugar in the cold. CA111(9):74862q Effects of low temperature on the respiratory metabolism of carbohydrates by plants Ap Rees, T.; Burrell, M. M.; Entwistle, T. G.; Hammond, J. B. W.; Kirk, D.; Kruger, N. J. Bot. Sch., Univ. Cambridge Cambridge CB2 3EA, UK Symp. Soc. Exp. Biol., 42(Plants Temp.), 377-93 13:504091COPY50NBOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0017 ANSWER 10 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY 11-2 (Plant Biochemistry) SSEBA9 0081-1386 1988 Eng ANSWER 11 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY Four forms of phosphofructokinase (PFK) were purified to apparent homogeneity from tubers of potato (Solanum tuberosum cv. Record). Each had a final specific activity of .apprx.200 .mu.mol min-1 mg-1 Similar forms of PFK were found in partially purified protein. exts. from tubers and leaves of other potato cultivars and related wild species. The relative mol. masses of 3 forms of PFK were .apprx.200,000 whereas that of the 4th PFK was >800,000. The 4 forms of PFK contained different proportions of 4 polypeptides which had apparent relative mol. masses of 46,300, 49,500, 50,000, and 53,000. These polypeptides gave different patterns of peptide fragments after chem. and proteolytic cleavage. Western blots and immunopptn. studies using antibodies raised against the individual polypeptides showed that all 4 are assocd. with PFK. Thus, potato tubers contain 4 distinct forms of PFK that differ in their subunit compn. 13:809491CORY5ANDSCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0018 ANSWER 11 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY CA110(5):35936b Molecular characterization of four forms of phosphofructokinase purified from potato tuber Kruger, Nicholas J.; Hammond, John B. W.; Burrell, Mighael M. 6 Inst. Arable Crops Res., AFRC Harpenden/Herts AL5 2JQ, UK Arch. Biochem. Biophys., 267(2), 690-700 7-2 (Enzymes) 11 J ABBIA4 0003-9861 1988 Eng ANSWER 12 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

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Inorg. pyrophosphate:fructose-6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase AB (PPi-PFK) was purified from potato tubers. The enzyme has the structure .alpha.4.beta.4 with an .alpha. subunit of 68 kDa and a .beta. subunit of 60 kDa. The structural relationship of this enzyme to other phosphofructokinases (PFK) and to fructose bisphosphatase was examd. by immunopptn. and immunoblotting. Antibodies to the plant enzyme did not react with Escherichia coli PFK. No cross-reaction was seen among the following enzymes or their antibodies: yeast fructose bisphosphatase; rabbit PFKs A, B, or the enzyme from brain; and the 2 subunits of the potato PPi-PFK.

13:8004051C0PY5ANDOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0019

L2 ANSWER 12 OF 27

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On the other hand, antibody to E. coli PFK-1 strongly cross-reacts with the 60-kDa polypeptide but not with the 68-kDa peptide.

AN CA109(15):124798e

TI Inorganic pyrophosphate:fructose-6-phosphate 1-phosphotransferase of the potato tuber is related to the major ATP-dependent phosphofructokinase of E. coli

AU Yuan, Xiao Hua; Kwiatkowska, Danuta; Kemp, Robert G.

CS Dep. Biol. Chem. Struct., Univ. Health Sci.

LO North Chicago, IL 60065, USA

SO Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., 154(1), 113-17

7-2 (Enzymes)

DT J

SC

CO BBRCA9

IS 0006-291X

PY 1988

LA Eng

L2 ANSWER 16 OF 27 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB Activities of both ATP-dependent (ATP-PFK) and pyrophosphate-dependent phosphofructokinase (PPi-PFK) were detected in potato tubers. PPi-PFK activity was approx. 3.5-fold higher than ATP-PFK, suggesting that PPi-PFK may contribute more than ATP-PFK to glycolysis and thus sugar metab. Temp. reconditioning caused relatively rapid increases in PPi-PFK activity, compared with ones in ATP-PFK and steady decreases in reducing sugars. In contrast, at low temp., there were relatively rapid decreases in PPi-PKF activity 13:8004301C0PY5AND5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0020

#### L2 ANSWER 16 OF 27

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compared with ones in ATP-PFK and reducing sugars accumulating steadily in the tubers. There was no effect of isopropyl-m-chlorocarbanilate on changes in both ATP-PFK and PPi-PFK activities and changes in reducing sugars throughout this expt. No consistent neg. or pos. relationship between changes of ATP-PFK and PPi-PFK activities and changes of reducing sugars was found in the potato tubers.

AN CA107(25):231355p

TI ATP- and pyrophosphate-dependent phosphofructokinase activity and reducing sugar content in potatoes as influenced by reconditioning and isopropyl-m-chlorocarbanilate

AU Chung, Chung Han

CS Dep. Hortic., Dong-A Univ.

LO S. Korea

SO Han'quk Wonye Hakhoechi, 28(2), 118-25

SC 5-3 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)

DT J

CO HWHCD5

IS 0253-651X

PY 1987

LA Eng

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HNSWER I'V UT E.
LE
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     In callus-forming potato tuber discs growing at low culture temp.
     (8.degree.) the activities of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase, EC
     1.1.1.49 (G6PDH) and 6-phosphogluconate dehydrogenase, EC 1.1.1.44
13:004591COEY56NBOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
     ANSWER 17 OF 27
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     (6PGDH) were twice as high as during growth at a high culture temp.
     (28.degree.). After a transfer from 8.degree. to 28.degree. and
     vice versa an adaptation of 6PDGDH activity to the new culture temp.
     took place. Phosphofructokinase, EC 2.7.1.11 (PFK) and alc.
     dehydrogenase, EC 1.1.1.1 (ADH) activities tended to be lower during
     growth at a low culture temp. (ratio 6PGDH/PFK 3:1 in 8.degree.
     callus and 1:1 in 28.degree. callus). C1/C6 ratios were independent
     of culture temp., suggesting that although the in vitro capacity of
     the pentose phosphate pathway (PPP) is higher at low culture temps.,
     the relative in vivo PPP activity is not influenced by the culture
     temp. However, products of the PPP probably will re-enter
     glycolysis, thereby also releasing C6. Apparently, at a low culture
     temps. this bypass of part of glycolysis has a special function to
     avoid the cold-sensitive PFK.
AN
     CA107(23):214904z
ΤI
     Enzymes of the pentose phosphate pathway in callus-forming potato
     tuber disks grown at various temperatures
AU
     Wagner, Anneke M.; Kneppers, Tarcies J. A.; Kroon, Bernadette M.;
     Van der Plas, Linus H. W.
CS
     Dep. Plant Physiol., Vrije Univ. Amsterdam
LO
     Amsterdam 1081 HV, Neth.
so
     Plant Sci. (Limerick, Irel.), 51(2-3), 159-64
SC
     11-2 (Plant Biochemistry)
DT
     J
CO
     PLSCE4
IS
     0168-9452
PY
     1987
LA
     Eng
13:004201CORY50ND7CLEAR PAGE, PLEASOTN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0022
     ANSWER 17 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     ANSWER 21 OF 27
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
AB
     Unavailable
     CA105(19):166880y
AN
     Effects of temperature and chloropropham on phosphofructokinase,
TI
     mitochondrial respiration and reducing sugars in dormant Nooksack
     potato tubers
     Chung, Chung Han
AU
CS
     Univ. Missouri
LO
     Columbia, MO, USA
SO
     150 pp. Avail. Univ. Microfilms Int., Order No. DA8607899
     From: Diss. Abstr. Int. B 1986, 47(2), 459
SC
     5-6 (Agrochemical Bioregulators)
DT
     D
PΥ
     1985
LA
     Eng
=> e burrell, m?/au
E1
            17
                   BURRELL, M M/AU
E2
                   BURRELL, M D/AU
E3
             Ø --> BURRELL, M?/AU
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E4

2

BURRELL, MARTIN O/AU

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1
                   BURRELL, MICHAEL CRAIG/AU
E6
             5
E7
                   BURRELL, MICHAEL M/AU
13:004201CORYSANDSCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0023
                   BURRELL, N J/AU
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                   BURRELL, N S/AU
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             4
E10
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                   BURRELL, P M/AU
                   BURRELL, PATRICIA M/AU
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             3
E12
                   BURRELL, R/AU
=> s e1 or e5
            17 "BURRELL, M M"/AU
            12 "BURRELL, MICHAEL C"/AU
            29 "BURRELL, M M"/AU OR "BURRELL, MICHAEL C"/AU
L4
=> d 14 1-29 ti py
     ANSWER 1 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     X-ray photoelectron and static secondary-ion mass spectroscopic
     studies of segmented block copoly(ether-esters)
PY
     1991
     ANSWER 2 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
ΤI
     The expression of class I patatin gene fusions in transgenic potato
     varies with both gene and cultivar
PY
     1991
     ANSWER 3 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
13:864001COPY58ND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0024
     ANSWER 3 OF 29
1.4
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Surface studies of polyether-polyester copolymers and blends
PΥ
     ANSWER 4 OF 29
L4
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
ΤI
     Static SIMS study of miscible blends of polystyrene and poly(vinyl
     methyl ether)
PΥ
     1990
L.4
     ANSWER 5 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     Effects of low temperature on the respiratory metabolism of
TI
     carbohydrates by plants
PΥ
     1988
L4
     ANSWER 6 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
TI
     Surface analysis of bisphenol A (BPA) polycarbonate/poly(butylene
     terephthalate) blends by x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy
PY
     1988
L4
     ANSWER 7 OF 29
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BURKELL, MICHAEL C/Au

13:8004181CORY58NB2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

PØØ25

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHICAL SOCIETY

TI Characterization of reactive areas in the direct process for the production of methylchlorosilanes

PY 1988

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 29

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Study of the enhanced oxidative degradation of polymer films at polymer/copper(oxide) interfaces using depth profile and inert marker techniques

PY 1988

L4 ANSWER 9 OF 29

COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Characterization of copper/enamel interfacial reactions during aging PY 1988

L4 ANSWER 10 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Characterization of palladium dichloride/tin dichloride metalization catalysts on a polyether-polyimide surface by XPS and RBS
PY 1988

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 29
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P0026

L4 ANSWER 11 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Genetic transformation in two potato cultivars with T-DNA from disarmed Agrobacterium

PY 1987

L4 ANSWER 12 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Genetic manipulation in potato with Agrobacterium rhizogenes PY 1986

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Changes in translatable poly(A) RNA from differentiated potato tissues transformed with shoot-inducing Ti TL-DNA of Agrobacterium tumefaciens

PY 1986

L4 ANSWER 14 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Oxides formed on polycrystalline titanium thin-film surfaces: rates of formation and composition of oxides formed at low and high O2 partial pressures

PY 1986

13:809591CORYSANDSCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

PØØ27

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 29

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TI Expression of shoot-inducing Ti TL-DNA in differentiated tissues of

potato (polanum tuberosum cv Maris Bard) PΥ 1985 ANSWER 16 OF 29 L4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY Purine metabolism in barley powdery mildew and its host TI PΥ 1985 L4 ANSWER 17 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY Deuterium uptake in titanium thin films: the effect of oxide, and TI metal (titanium and iron) overlayers PΥ 1985 ANSWER 18 OF 29 L4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY Genetic modification of potato development using Ri T-DNA TI PΥ 1985 ANSWER 19 OF 29 L4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY 18:009151CORY50NB5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL PØØ28 ANSWER 19 OF 29 L4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY Inhibition of browning, phenoxyacetic acids and phenolic metabolism in potato tuber discs: a model system to study chemicals that control common scab PΥ 1984 L4 ANSWER 20 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY A sequential method for removing the inelastic loss contribution TI from Auger electron spectroscopic data PΥ 1983 ANSWER 21 OF 29 L4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY TI Data acquisition and processing modes for quantitative Auger electron spectroscopy 1982 PΥ L4 ANSWER 22 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY The translocation of 3,5-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid in relation to TI its effect on potato common scab PY 1982 13:804301COEYSONDSCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0029 ANSWER 23 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY ΤI Decreased severity of potato common scab after foliar sprays of 3,5-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid, a possible antipathogenic agent PΥ 1981 ANSWER 24 OF 29

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re mode or action of ethionine toliar sprays against potato common scab (Streptomyces scabies)

PY 1981

L4 ANSWER 25 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Movement of ethionine in potato plants after foliar application against common scab

PY 1980

L4 ANSWER 26 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

 ${\sf TI}$  Mechanisms of action of foliar sprays of daminozide and ethionine against potato common scab

PY 1977

13:009551COEY5AND4CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0030

L4 ANSWER 27 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Amino acid movement from leaves of Tussilago farfara L. to the rust, Puccinia poarum Neils

PY 1977

L4 ANSWER 28 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Carbohydrate metabolism of rice leaves infected by Piricularia oryzae

PY 1974

L4 ANSWER 29 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Metabolism of phenylalanine and tyrosine by rice leaves infected by Piricularia oryzae

PY 1974

=> d 14 2 5 11-13 15 18 ab bib

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB Patatin is a family of glycoproteins that contributes about 40% of the total sol. protein in tubers of potato (Solanum tuberosum). The protein is encoded by a multigene family of 50-70 genes which have been divided into classes I and II on the basis of sequence homol.

13:8074491C0BY5ANB2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0031

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 29

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The promoters of two class I genes, PS20 and PS3/27, were transcriptionally fused to .beta.-glucuronidase and transformed into the potato cultivars Desiree and Maris Bard. Examn. of the expression levels in large populations of microtubers indicated that the PS20 promoter produced .beta.-glucuronidase activities 5-fold lower in Desiree than Maris Bard whereas the PS3/27 promoter showed similar levels in both cultivars. Furthermore, the relative expression levels from the two promoters were reversed in the two cultivars. The .beta.-glucuronidase enzyme activity was correlated with the mRNA level but not the copy no. of the introduced gene. The implications for the use of patatin promoters in the genetic modification of tubers is discussed.

AN CA114(13):116191a

```
Ine expression of class I patatin gene fusions in transgenic potato
TI
     varies with both gene and cultivar
AU
     Blundy, K. S.; Blundy, M. A. C.; Carter, D.; Wilson, F.; Park, W.
     D.; Burrell, M. M.
CS
```

Adv. Technol. (Cambridge) Ltd.

Cambridge CB4 4WA, UK LO

SO Plant Mol. Biol., 16(1), 153-60

3-3 (Biochemical Genetics) SC

SX 11

DT J

CO PMBIDB

IS 0167-4412

PΥ 1991

LA Eng

13:因74531COPY563D7CLEAR PAGE, PLEAS6TN INTERNATIONAL

P0032

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

The effects of lowering the temp. from 25.degree. to 2-8.degree. on AB carbohydrate metab. by plant cells are considered. Particular emphasis is placed on the mechanism of cold-induced sweetening in tubers of potato (Solanum tuberosum). Temps. between Ø and 10.degree. caused a marked redn. in the rate of respiration of a wide range of plant tissues. At these temps, the ability of suspension cultures of soybean (Glycine max), and callus cultures and tubers of potato to metabolize [14C]glucose was appreciably diminished. The detailed distribution of 14C showed that lowering the temp. decreased the proportion of the metabolized [14C]glucose that entered the respiratory pathways and increased the proportion converted to sucrose. Pulse and chase expts., in which [14C]glucose was supplied to potato tubers at 2 and 25.degree., showed that lowering the temp. led to accumulation of label in hexose 6-phosphates, which were subsequently converted to sucrose. patterns of 14CO2 prodn. from specifically labeled [14C]glucose supplied to soybean suspension cultures and disks of potato tuber suggested that lowering the temp. reduced the activity of glycolysis more than that of the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway. Apparently, lowering the temp. not only reduces the rate of carbohydrate metab. but also alters the relative activities of the different pathways involved. A disproportionate redn. in glycolysis at the lower temps. is suggested. Mature tubers of many varieties of potato accumulate sucrose and hexose when stored between 2 and 10.degree.. Starch is the source of C for this synthesis of sugar. Cytosolic fructose-1,6-bisphosphtase could not be detected in potato Apparently, C for sugar synthesis in the cold leaves the P0033 13:004191COPY56NB8CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

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amyloplast, not as triose phosphate, but probably as a 6-C compd. Evidence is presented that phosphofructokinase (PFK) plays a major role in regulating the entry of hexose 6-phosphates into glycolysis in potato tubers. PFK was purified from potato tubers and shown to consist of 4 forms. Three of these forms had higher Q10 values over the range 2-6.degree. than over the range 12-16.degree. and are regarded as being cold-labile. No such cold-lability was detected for the key enzymes involved in sucrose synthesis and the oxidative pentose phosphate pathway. Thus, in potatoes stored at 2-8.degree. the cold-lability of PFK leads to a greater redn. in glycolysis than in other pathways that consume hexose 6-phosphates. The increased availability of the latter is seen as leading to increased synthesis of sucrose. Addnl., a new breeding clone to potato that did not show cold-lability of PFF id not accumulate significant amts. of sugar in the cold.

CA111(9):74862q

AN

```
Effects of low temperature on the respiratory metabolism or
11
     carbohydrates by plants
     Ap Rees, T.; Burrell, M. Entwistle, T. G.; Hammol, J. B. W.;
AU
     Kirk, D.; Kruger, N. J.
CS
     Bot. Sch., Univ. Cambridge
LO
     Cambridge CB2 3EA, UK
SO
     Symp. Soc. Exp. Biol., 42(Plants Temp.), 377-93
SC
     11-2 (Plant Biochemistry)
DT
     J
CO
     SSEBA9
IS
     0081-1386
PΥ
     1988
13:004481COEY58ND5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0034
     ANSWER 5 OF 29
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     ANSWER 11 OF 29
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AB
     Derivs. of potato (Solanum tuberosum 'Maris Bard' and 'Desiree')
     transformed with disarmed T-DNA from genetically engineered A.
     tumefaciens strains were isolated. The transformed plants were
     recovered from shoot-forming tumors induced by infection of wounds
     with mixed cultures of shoot-inducing A. tumefaciens strains T37 and
     either Agrobacterium strain LBA1834(pRAL1834) or LBA4404(pBIN6;
     pRAL4404). Two small-scale feasibility expts. gave at least four
     Maris Bard plants transformed with pRAL1834 T-DNA and two Desiree
     plants with pBIN6 T-DNA.
                               The transformed Maris Bard plants were
     morphol. abnormal and highly aneuploid. This was probably an
     unfortunate side-effect of a tissue culture-step introduced to
     promote the efficiency of shoot regeneration. The transformed
     Desiree plants, in contrast, were isolated without promoting addnl.
     shoot-growth. They were morphol. normal, contained 47 and the
     euploid 48 chromosomes per cell, resp., and had improved growth on
     media contg. kanamycin.
AN
     CA107(1):1809k
TI
     Genetic transformation in two potato cultivars with T-DNA from
     disarmed Agrobacterium
     Ooms, G.; Burrell, M. M.; Karp, A.; Bevan, M.; Hille, J.
AU
CS
     Dep. Biochem., Rothamsted Exp. Stn.
LO
     Harpenden/Herts. AL5 2JQ, UK
SO
     Theor. Appl. Genet., 73(5), 744-50
13:00910100EY59ND4CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                     P0035
     ANSWER 11 OF 29
L4
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
SC
     3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)
SX
     11
DT
     J
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     THAGA6
IS
     0040-5752
PY
     1987
LA
     Eng
     ANSWER 12 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
AB
     Infection with A. rhizogenes of wounded stems of potato cultivars
```

grown in vitro caused localized prolific root formation (hairy-roots). The cells of these roots contained newly introduced DNA, not detected in normal potato, that was derived from A. rhizogenes. Single transformed roots from the cultivars Majestic, Record, and Maris Bard were regenerated into whole plants. Expression of the introduced genes caused stable alterations in

plant development and tuber snape, which were retained under tield conditions. Probably any com. potato cultivar, cultured under appropriate conditions, is amenable to A. rhizogenes-mediated genetic manipulation. The A. rhizogenes-derived genes are convenient model genes for studying questions on structure and expression of transferred genes. A. rhizogenes-Derived genes are of potential use to study the influence of specific genetic factors on complex biol. processes such as potato development and tuberization.

18:8094491COPYOAMDICLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL POO36

ANSWER 12 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY AN CA105(23):204124q ΤI Genetic manipulation in potato with Agrobacterium rhizogenes AU OOms, G.; Bossen, M. E.; Burrell, M. M.; Karp, A CS Rothamsted Exp. Stat. LO Harpenden/Herts. AL5 2JQ, UK SO Potato Res., 29(3), 367-79 SC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics) SX 11 DT J CO PORHBW 0014-3065 IS PY 1986

L4 ANSWER 13 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB Two-dimensional gel electrophoresis was used to examine differences in steady state total poly(A) RNA from untransformed potato (Solanum tuberosum cv. Maris Bard) and potato transformed with shoot-inducing TL-DNA from A. tumefaciens. RNA was compared from phenotypically very distinct in vitro cultured shoots, more similar grafted plants and tubers. In each case, between 200-400 translation products were identified representing the more abundant poly(A) mRNA's. In general, poly(A) RNA from the transformed tissues gave more high-mol.-wt. products. This increase was most evident in poly(A) RNA from shoot cultures. Depending on the tissue examd., 1-5% of the translation products with a mol. wt. (43 kilodaltons were obsd. 13:800419100240806CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

## L4 ANSWER 13 OF 29

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to increase or decrease in abundance. The influence of T-DNA on cellular gene expression in the different transformed potato tissues is discussed in relation to previously detd. changes in T-DNA gene expression (particularly of the T-DNA cytokinin gene) and the corresponding changes in endogenous hormone concns. Thus, some of the specific changes in low-mol.-wt. products are either directly caused by the increased cytokinin levels or are indirectly involved in maintaining the transformed phenotype.

AN CA105(1):1534a

- TI Changes in translatable poly(A) RNA from differentiated potato tissues transformed with shoot-inducing Ti TL-DNA of Agrobacterium tumefaciens
- AU Burrell, M. M.; Temple, S.; Coms, G.
- CS Rothamsted Exp. Stn., Dep. Biochem.
- LO Harpenden/Herts., UK
- SO Plant Mol. Biol., 6(4), 213-20
- SC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)
- SX 11
- DT J

LA

Eng

- CO PMBIDB
- IS 0167-4412
- PY 1986

LA Eng

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 29 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

AB In potato line Mb1501B, 1 or possibly 2 normally sized Ti TL-DNA 12:⊠0∀391C0EY0@ND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEAS6TN INTERNATIONAL P0038

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 29
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copies per tetraploid genome were detected by Southern blot anal., but no TR-DNA was found. The TL-DNA probably contained the entire transposon Tn1831 inserted at the T-DNA auxin gene for transcript 2. Northern blot anal. of the steady-state RNA in different Mb1501B tissues isolated from shoots cultured in vitro, grafted plants, and tubers showed that TL-DNA transcripts 3, 4, 6a, and 7 were expressed most abundantly in the cultured shoots. The transcripts formed .apprx.0.0023-0.0007% of the total poly(A) RNA. Transcripts 1, 5, and 6b were not detected in any of the tissues analyzed. Thus, even lower levels of expression were indicated ((.apprx.0.0001% of the total poly(A) RNA, or (1 mol. T-DNA derived RNA/cell). As expected, transcript 2 was not detected in any of the Mb1501B tissues. abundance of the transcripts was reduced in grafted plants and tubers, as compared with cultured shoots, with the greatest decrease (5.times.) for transcripts 4, 6a, and 7. Transcript 4, the one most responsible for the changed growth and development of Mb1501B, formed .apprx.0.0003% of the poly(A) RNA from both grafted plants and tubers.

AN CA104(7):46417k

TI Expression of shoot-inducing Ti TL-DNA in differentiated tissues of potato (Solanum tuberosum cv Maris Bard)

AU Burrell, M. M.; Twell, D.; Karp, A.; Coms, G.

CS Biochem. Dep., Rothamsted Exp. Stn.

LO Herts. AL5 2JQ, UK

SO Plant Mol. Biol., 5(4), 213-22

SC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)

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PØØ39

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 29

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CO PMBIDB

IS Ø167-4412

PY 1985

LA Eng

L4 ANSWER 18 OF 29

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AB Forty-two potato plants were regenerated from a hairy-root line obtained after infection of a shoot of Solanum tuberosum cv Desiree with Agrobacterium rhizogenes strain LBA 9402 (pRi1855).

Transformed plants were uniform and had a distinct phenotype and development compared with untransformed controls. Their growth was vigorous, esp. early in their development, their roots were abundant and showed reduced geotropism, their leaves were slightly crinkled and glossy and they produced longer tubers with more frequent, prominent eyes. Cytol. examn. showed that 10 of the 42 transformed plants had either 47 or 49 chromosomes instead of the normal 48. In 2 of these aneuploids structural changes were obsd.

AN CA103(15):120193g

TI Genetic modification of potato development using Ri T-DNA

AU Coms, G.; Karp, A.; Burrell, M. M.; Twell, D.; Roberts, J.

CS Dep. Biochem., Rothamsted Exp. Stn.

LO Harpenden/Herts. AL5 2JQ, UK

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     THAGA6
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                                                                     P0040
     ANSWER 18 OF 29
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
IS
     0040-5752
PY
     1985
LA
    Eng
=> e blundy, K?/au
                   BLUNDY, JONATHAN D/AU
                   BLUNDY, K S/AU
             3
E2
             Ø --> BLUNDY, K?/AU
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             3
                   BLUNDY, KEITH S/AU
E4
                   BLUNDY, M A C/AU
E5
             1
                   BLUNDY, PETER D/AU
             2
E6
                   BLUNDY, R F/AU
             3
E7
E8
            1
                   BLUNDY, R G/AU
E9
            28
                   BLUNIER, S/AU
                   BLUNIER, STEFAN/AU
E10
            1
                   BLUNK, DAN PHILIP/AU
E11
             1
             5
                   BLUNK, G/AU
E12
= s e2 or e4
             3 "BLUNDY, K S"/AU
             3 "BLUNDY, KEITH S"/AU
             6 "BLUNDY, K S"/AU OR "BLUNDY, KEITH S"/AU
=> s 15 not 14
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                                                                     P0041
L6
     ANSWER 1 OF 5
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     Ribosomal DNA methylation in a flax genotroph and a crown gall tumor
ΤI
PΥ
     ANSWER 2 OF 5
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ΤI
     Characterization of the T-region of the SAP-type Ti-plasmid
     pTiAT181: identification of a gene involved in SAP synthesis
PY
     1986
     ANSWER 3 OF 5
L6
COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY
     The use of pNJ5000 as an intermediate vector for the genetic
TI
     mänipulation of Agrobacterium Ti-plasmids
PΥ
     1985
L6
     ANSWER 4 OF 5
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     The fate of T-DNA in flax
ΤI
PY
     1983
     ANSWER 5 OF 5
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Theor. Appl. Genet., 70(4), 440-0

11-4 (Plant Biochemistry)

SO SC L6 ANSWER 5 OF 5 COPYRIGHT (C) 1991 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY

TI Nopaline Ti-plasmid, pTiT37, T-DNA insertions into a flax genome

PY 1983

=> file biosis

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FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS ARE PRESENT FROM JULY 1980 TO DATE.

CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) ADDED FROM JANUARY 1980 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 12 November 91 (911112/ED) BA9211 BR4110 CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS (R) LAST ADDED: 13 November 91 (911113/UP)

Changes to SUPERTERM/BC searching -- See HELP STERMS

=> 5 12 'L1' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE

'AB' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE

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'AB' IS NOT A VALID FIELD CODE

Ø PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE/AB

2655 PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE/BI

Ø POTATO/AB

23434 POTATO/BI

Ø SOLANUM/AB

8727 SOLANUM/BI

27 L1 AND (POTATO OR SOLANUM)/AB, BI

=> d 17 1-27 ti

L7

L7 ANSWER 1 OF 27

- TI CONTRASTING ROLES FOR PYROPHOSPHATE FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE
  PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE DURING AGING OF TISSUE SLICES FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\*
  TUBERS AND CARROT STORAGE TISSUES.
- L7 ANSWER 2 OF 27
- TI CLONING SEQUENCING AND EXPRESSION OF PYROPHOSPHATE-DEPENDENT
  \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* FROM PROPIONIBACTERIUM-FREUDENREICHII.
- L7 ANSWER 3 OF 27
- TI \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* IN RELATION TO SUGAR ACCUMULATION IN COLD-STORED \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBERS.
- L7 ANSWER 4 OF 27
- 13:000051COPY0AND9CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

F0044

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 27

TI NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE RHODOBACTER-CAPSULATUS FRUK GENE WHICH

ENCUDES FRUCTOSE-1-PHOSPHATE KINASE EVIDENCE FOR A KINASE SUPERFAMILY INCLUDING BOTH PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASES OF ESCHERICHIA-COLI.

- L7 ANSWER 5 OF 27
- TI PYROPHOSPHATE-DEPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* CONSERVATION OF PROTEIN SEQUENCE BETWEEN THE ALPHA-SUBUNITS AND BETA-SUBUNITS AND WITH THE ATP-DEPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* .
- L7 ANSWER 6 OF 27
- TI ACTIVATION OF MAMMALIAN PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASES BY RIBOSE 1 5-BISPHOSPHATE.
- L7 ANSWER 7 OF 27
- TI EFFECT OF SINK ISOLATION ON SUGAR UPTAKE AND STARCH SYNTHESIS BY \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER STORAGE PARENCHYMA.
- L7 ANSWER 8 OF 27
- TI RESPIRATORY ENZYME ACTIVITY IN LOW TEMPERATURE SWEETENING OF SUSCEPTIBLE AND RESISTANT POTATOES.
- L7 ANSWER 9 OF 27
- 13:804201C0240AND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0045

- L7 ANSWER 9 OF 27
- TI MOLECULAR KINETIC AND IMMUNOLOGICAL PROPERTIES OF THE 6
  \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* FROM THE GREEN ALGA SELENASTRUM-MINUTUM
  ACTIVATION DURING BIOSYNTHETIC CARBON FLOW.
- L7 ANSWER 10 OF 27
- TI PYROPHOSPHATE DEPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* CONSERVATION OF PROTEIN SEQUENCE BETWEEN THE ALPHA AND BETA SUBUNITS AND WITH ATP DEPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* .
- L7 ANSWER 11 OF 27
- TI EFFECT OF LOW TEMPERATURE ON THE ACTIVITY OF \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBERS.
- L7 ANSWER 12 OF 27
- TI EFFECTS OF LOW TEMPERATURE ON THE RESPIRATORY METABOLISM OF CARBOHYDRATES BY PLANTS.
- L7 ANSWER 13 OF 27
- TI CHARACTERIZATION OF SUCROLYSIS VIA THE UDP AND PYROPHOSPHATE-DEPENDENT SUCROSE SYNTHASE PATHWAY.
- L7 ANSWER 14 OF 27
- 13:004431CORYOBNO4CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

- L7 ANSWER 14 OF 27
- TI MOLECULAR CHARACTERIZATION OF FOUR FORMS OF
  \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* PURIFIED FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER.
- L7 ANSWER 15 OF 27

- TY INORGANIC PYROPHOSPHATE FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE 1-PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE OF THE \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER IS RELATED TO THE MAJOR ATPREPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* TO F ESCHERICHIA-COLI.
- L7 ANSWER 16 OF 27
- TI EFFECT OF LOW TEMPERATURE ON \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* ACTIVITY FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER.
- L7 ANSWER 17 OF 27
- TI ELECTROPHORETIC DETERMINATION OF FRUCTOSE 6-PHOSPHATE 2-KINASE.
- L7 ANSWER 18 OF 27
- TI IMMUNOLOGICAL CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PYROPHOSPHATE DEPENDENT FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE.
- L7 ANSWER 19 OF 27
- TI ENZYMES OF THE PENTOSE PHOSPHATE PATHWAY IN CALLUS-FORMING

  \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER DISCS GROWN AT VARIOUS TEMPERATURES.

  12:00\091C0PY06NB6CLEAR PAGE. PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
- L7 ANSWER 20 OF 27
- TI CHARACTERIZATION OF MULTIPLE FORMS OF \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* .
- L7 ANSWER 21 OF 27
- TI THE CONTENT OF ATP ADP AMP INORGANIC PHOSPHATE THE ACTIVITY OF ENZYMES INVOLVED IN THE GLYCOLYTIC PATHWAY AND SOME PROBLEMS OF ITS REGULATION AND ENERGY BALANCE IN TOBACCO PLANTS INFECTED WITH \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* VIRUS Y.
- L7 ANSWER 22 OF 27
- TI SUGAR METABOLISM IN DEVELOPING TUBERS OF \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM
- L7 ANSWER 23 OF 27
- TI CHARACTERIZATION OF PYROPHOSPHATE FRUCTOSE-6-PHOSPHATE PHOSPHOTRANSFERASE FROM \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD TUBERS.
- L7 ANSWER 24 OF 27
- TI PROPERTIES OF PURIFIED \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* FROM 
  \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD.
- 13:00 V201CORYOBND9CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0048

- L7 ANSWER 25 OF 27
- TI COLD LABILITY OF PHOSPHO FRUCTO KINASE EC-2.7.1.11 FROM

  \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD TUBERS.
- L7 ANSWER 26 OF 27
- TI IDENTIFICATION OF THE REGULATORY STEPS IN GLYCOLYSIS IN \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD TUBERS.
- L7 ANSWER 27 OF 27
- TI CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM IN BROOM RAPE AN ANGIOSPERMIC TOTAL PARASITE.

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 27

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PØØ49

- ANSWER 2 OF 27 L7
- AB Pyrophosphate-dependent 6-phosphofructo-1-kinase (PPi-PFK) from Propionibacterium freudenreichii is a non-allosteric enzyme with properties dissimilar to those of other described phosphofructokinases. The enzyme was cloned into pBluescript, sequenced, and expressed in Escherichia coli at levels 15 times higher than those observed in Propionibacterium. The gene consists of 1215 bases which code for a protein of 404 amino acids and a mass of 43,243 daltons. High G+C in the codon usage (66%) of the gene is consistent with the classification of Propionibacterium in the High-G+C subdivision of the Gram-positive bacteria. While showing no sequence identity to the non-allosteric ATP-dependent \*\*\*phosphofructokinase\*\*\* of E. coli, alignments of the amino acid sequence with other PFKs reveal degrees of identities among the amino halves of the proteins, from 26% between the Propionibacterium and PPi-PFKs, and 29% between Propionibacterium and E. \*\*\*potato\*\*\* coli ATP-PFKs. These levels of identities indicate that the amino halves of these proteins are homologous. Identities between the carboxyl half of Propionibacterium PFK and carboxyl halves of other sequences are below 20%, suggesting that the carboxyl half is not homologous. Despite the poor conservation, most of the residues that take part in the binding of fructose-6-P or Mg-PPi could be readily identified by analogy to the structure of the E. coli PFK. Both the fructose-6-P and ATP-binding sites are conserved, indicating that PPi binds to the homologous site of the E. coli ATP-binding site. 13:004291C002Y00ND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

- ANSWER 2 OF 27 L7
- AN 91:482753 BIOSIS
- DN BA92:116513
- CLONING SEQUENCING AND EXPRESSION OF PYROPHOSPHATE-DEPENDENT \*\*\*PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE\*\*\* FROM PROPIONIBACTERIUM-FREUDENREICHII.
- LADROR U S; GOLLAPUDI L; TRIPATHI R L; LATSHAW S P; KEMP R G AU
- DEP. BIOL. CHEM., CHICAGO MED. SCH., 3333 GREEN BAY RD., NORTH CS CHICAGO, ILL. 60064.
- J BIOL CHEM 266 (25). 1991. 16550-16555. CODEN: JBCHA3 ISSN: SO 0021-9258
- LA English
- ANSWER 4 OF 27 L7
- The fruk gene encoding fructose-1-phosphate kinase (Fruk), located AB within the fructose (fru)-catabolic operon of Rhodobacter capsulatus, was sequenced. FruK of R. capsulatus (316 amino acids; molecular weight = 31,232) is the same size as and is homologous to FruK of Escherichia coli, \*\*\*phosphofructokinase\*\*\* B (PfkB) of E. coli, phosphotagatokinase of Staphylococcus aureus, and ribokinase of E. coli. These proteins therefore make up a family of homologous proteins, termed the PfkB family. A phylogenetic tree for this new family was constructed. Sequence comparisons plus chemical inactivation studies suggested the lack of involvement of specific residues in catalysis. Although the Rhodobacter FruK differed markedly from the other enzymes within the PfkB family with respect to amino acid composition, these enzymes exhibited similar predicted secondary structural features. A large internal segment of the Rhodobacter Fruk was found to be similar in sequence the domain 13:004581C00940AND9CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL P0051

bearing the sugar bisphosphate-binding region of the large subunit of ribulose 1,5-bisphosphate carboxylase/oxygenase of plants and bacteria. Proteins of the PfkB family did not exhibit statistically significant sequence identity with PfkA of E. coli. PfkA, however, is homologous to other prokaryotic and eukaryotic ATP- and PPi-dependent Pfks (the PfkA family). These eukaryotic, ATP-dependent enzymes each consist of a homotetramer (mammalian) or a heterooctamer (yeasts), with each subunit containing an internal duplication of the size of the entire PfkA protein of E. coli. In some of these enzymes, additional domains are present. A phylogenetic tree was constructed for the PfkA family and revealed that the bacterial enzymes closely resemble the N-terminal domains of the eukaryotic enzyme subunits whereas the C-terminal domains have diverged more extensively. The PPi-dependent Pfk of \*\*\*potato\*\*\* is only distantly related to the ATP-dependent enzymes. On the basis of their similar functions, sizes, predicted secondary structures, and sequences, we suggest that the PfkA and PfkB families share a common evolutionary origin.

- AN 91:317772 BIOSIS
- DN BA92:28287
- ΤI NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE OF THE RHODOBACTER-CAPSULATUS FRUK GENE WHICH ENCODES FRUCTOSE-1-PHOSPHATE KINASE EVIDENCE FOR A KINASE SUPERFAMILY INCLUDING BOTH PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASES OF ESCHERICHIA-COLI.
- WU L-F; REIZER A; REIZER J; CAI B; TOMICH J M; SAIER M H JR AU
- DEP. BIOL., UNIV. CALIF. AT SAN DIEGO, LA JOLLA, CALIF. 92093-0116. CS
- J BACTERIOL 173 (10). 1991. 3117-3127. CODEN: JOBAAY ISSN: 0021-9193 LA Enalish
- 13:004191C002Y0ANB8CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0052

- L7 ANSWER 7 OF 27
- AΒ \*\*\*potato\*\*\* ( \*\*\*Solanum\*\*\* tuberosum L. cv. Import into Record) tubers was terminated by removing the sink at its connection with the stolon. The ability of discs of storage tissue from the excised tubers to take up exogenous sugars and convert them to starch was compared with that of discs from untreated tubers from the same plant population. In rapidly-growing control tubers, glucose and fructose were taken up to a greater extent than sucrose, 77% of the glucose being converted to starch within 3 h (compared with 64% and 27% for fructose and sucrose, respectively). These values fell as the tubers aged but the ranking (glucose ) fructose ) sucrose) was maintained, emphasizing a severe rate-limiting step following the import of sucrose into the growing tuber. Sink isolation had little effect on the ability of the storage cells to take up exogenous sucrose across the plasmalemma for up to 7 d after sink isolation. However, the ability of the same cells to convert the sucrose to starch was severely inhibited within 24 h, as was the sensitivity of starch synthesis to turgor. In the case of glucose, skin isolation inhibited both the uptake and the conversion to starch, the latter being inhibited to a greater degree. A detailed metabolic study of tubers 7 d after excision showed that, with sucrose as substrate, 94% of the radioactivity in the soluble sugar pool was recovered in sucrose following sink isolation (92% in control tubers). However, with glucose as substrate, 80% of the radioactivity was recovered as sucrose following tuber excision (28% in control tubers), providing evidence that sucrose synthesis acts as a major alternative carbon sink when starch synthesis is inhibited. In the same tubers, sucrose-synthase activity decreased by 70% following sink isolation, compared with a 45% reduction in ADP-glucose pyrophosphorylase.

P0053 13:004481C0PY0ANBOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

## L7 ANSWER 7 OF 27

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starch synthase and both PPi- and ATP-dependent phosphofructokinases
    remained unchanged. Acid-invertase activity increased fivefold.
AN
    90:476177 BIOSIS
DN
   BA90:115597
    EFFECT OF SINK ISOLATION ON SUGAR UPTAKE AND STARCH SYNTHESIS BY
TI
    ***POTATO***
                   TUBER STORAGE PARENCHYMA.
    OPARKA K J; DAVIES H V; WRIGHT K M; VIOLA R; PRIOR D A M
AU
    DEP. CELLULAR AND ENVIRONMENTAL PHYSIOL., SCOTTISH CROP RES. INST.,
CS
    INVERGOWRIE, DUNDEE DD2 5DA, UK.
    PLANTA (HEIDELB) 182 (1). 1990. 113-117. CODEN: PLANAB ISSN:
SO
    0032-0935
LA
   English
L7
    ANSWER 20 OF 27
13: 1384291C02Y081136CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                    P0054
L7
    ANSWER 20 OF 27
AN
   87:478940 BIOSIS
DN
   BR33:117081
    CHARACTERIZATION OF MULTIPLE FORMS OF ***POTATO*** TUBER
ΤI
    ***PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE***
AU
    BURRELL M M; HAMMOND J B W; KRUGER N J
    BIOCHEM. DEP., ROTHAMSTED EXPERIMENTAL STN., HARPENDEN, HERTS. ALS
    2JQ. UK.
    XIVTH INTERNATIONAL BOTANICAL CONGRESS, BERLIN, WEST GERMANY, JULY
SO
    24-AUGUST 1, 1987. INT BOT CONGR ABSTR 17 (0). 1987. 56. CODEN:
    AIBCE5
DT
    Conference
LA
   English
    ANSWER 24 OF 27
L7
AN
   86:353159 BIOSIS
DN
   BR31:58087
    PROPERTIES OF PURIFIED ***PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE***
TI
    ***POTATO*** ***SOLANUM*** -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR RECORD.
AU
   KRUGER N J; HAMMOND J B W; BURRELL M M
    DEPT. OF BIOCHEMISTRY, ROTHAMSTED EXPERIMENTAL STATION, HARPENDEN,
    HERTS. ALS 2JQ, UK.
    ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF PLANT PHYSIOLOGISTS, BATON
50
    ROUGE, LA., USA, JUNE 8-12, 1986. PLANT PHYSIOL (BETHESDA) 80 (4
    SUPPL.). 1986. 41. CODEN: PLPHAY ISSN: 0032-0889
DT
    Conference
    English
13:000301C0000000000CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                    P0055
=> s burrell, m?/au
L8
            95 BURRELL, M?/AU
=> s 18 and (potato or solanum)
         23434 POTATO
          8727 SOLANUM
L9
            25 L8 AND (POTATO OR SOLANUM)
=> d 19 not 17
           18 L9 NOT L7
L10
=> d 110 1-18 ti
L10 ANSWER 1 OF 18
   THE EXPRESSION OF CLASS I TATIN GENE FUSIONS IN TRANSENIC
ΤI
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\*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* VARIES WITH OTH GENE AND CULTIVAR.

- L10 ANSWER 2 OF 18
- TI STRATEGIES FOR \*\*\*POTATO TRANSFORMATION AND RECEPTATION.
- L10 ANSWER 3 OF 18
- TI COMPARISON OF PATATIN INDUCED GUS EXPRESSION IN DIFFERENT CULTIVARS
  OF \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM.
- L10 ANSWER 4 OF 18
- 13:M04551C0PY10ND0CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0056

- L10 ANSWER 4 OF 18
- TI GENETIC MANIPULATION IN \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* .
- L10 ANSWER 5 OF 18
- TI GENETIC TRANSFORMATION IN TWO \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* CULTIVARS WITH T-DNA FROM DISARMED AGROBACTERIUM.
- L10 ANSWER 6 OF 18
- TI DEVELOPMENTAL REGULATION OF RI T-L DNA GENE EXPRESSION IN ROOTS SHOOTS AND TUBERS OF TRANSFORMED \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\*
  -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR DESIREE.
- L10 ANSWER 7 OF 18
- TI CHANGES IN TRANSLATABLE POLY ADENYLATE RNA FROM DIFFERENTIATED

  \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM CULTIVAR MARIS-BARD

  TISSUES TRANSFORMED WITH SHOOT-INDUCING TI T-L-DNA OF

  AGROBACTERIUM-TUMEFACIENS.
- L10 ANSWER 8 OF 18
- TI GENETIC MANIPULATION IN CULTIVARS OF OILSEED RAPE BRASSICA-NAPUS USING AGROBACTERIUM.
- L10 ANSWER 9 OF 18
- 13:NØV101CORY10NDØCLEAR PAGE. PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

- L10 ANSWER 9 OF 18
- TI EXPRESSION OF SHOOT-INDUCING TI T-L DNA IN DIFFERENTIATED TISSUES OF \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* \*\*\*SOLANUM\*\*\* -TUBEROSUM MARIS-BARD.
- L10 ANSWER 10 OF 18
- TI THE USE OF T DNA GENES TO MODIFY \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* DEVELOPMENT.
- L10 ANSWER 11 OF 18
- TI GENETIC MODIFICATION OF \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* DEVELOPMENT USING RI TI PLASMID DNA.
- L10 ANSWER 12 OF 18
- TI INHIBITION OF BROWNING PHENOXYACETIC ACIDS AND PHENOLIC METABOLISM IN \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* TUBER DISCS A MODEL SYSTEM TO STUDY CHEMICALS THAT CONTROL COMMON SCAB.
- L10 ANSWER 13 OF 18

- TI THE TRANSLOCATION TO 5 DI CHLOROPHENOXY ACETIC-ACID IN RELATION TO ITS EFFECT ON \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* COMMON SCAB.
- L10 ANSWER 14 OF 18
- 13:NO4301CDEY10ND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0058

- L10 ANSWER 14 OF 18
- TI DECREASED SEVERITY OF \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* COMMON SCAB AFTER FOLIAR SPRAYS OF 3 5 DI CHLOROPHENOXY ACETIC-ACID A POSSIBLE ANTI PATHOGENIC AGENT.
- L10 ANSWER 15 OF 18
- TI PREPARATION OF GREEN PLANT MATERIAL FOR LIQUID SCINTILLATION COUNTING.
- L10 ANSWER 16 OF 18
- TI THE MODE OF ACTION OF ETHIONINE FOLIAR SPRAYS AGAINST \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\*
  COMMON SCAB STREPTOMYCES-SCABIES.
- L10 ANSWER 17 OF 18
- TI MOVEMENT OF ETHIONINE IN \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* PLANTS AFTER FOLIAR APPLICATION AGAINST COMMON SCAB.
- L10 ANSWER 18 OF 18
- TI POLY URETHANE COATING A NEW TECHNIQUE FOR THE PRESERVATION OF DISEASED PLANT MATERIAL GRASS-M APPLE-D \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* -D PEA-D.
- => d l10 ab bib 1-4
  13:N0#251C0PY18NB5CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

PØØ59

- L10 ANSWER 1 OF 18
- AB Patatin is a family of glycoproteins that contributes about 40% of the total soluble protein in tubers of \*\*\*potato\*\*\* ( \*\*\*Solanum\*\*\* tuberosum L.). The protein is encoded by a multigene family of 50-70 genes which have been divided into classes I and II on the basis of sequence homology. The promoters of two class I genes, PS20 and PS3/27, were transcriptionally fused to cultivars Desiree and Maris Bard. Examination of the expression levels in large populations of microtubers indicated that the PS20 promoter produced .beta.-glucuronidase activities 5-fold lower in Desiree than Maris Bard whereas the PS3/27 promoter showed similar levels in both cultivars. Furthermore, the relative expression levels from the two promoters were reversed in the two cultivars. The .beta.-glucuronidase enzyme activity was correlated with the mRNA level but not the copy number of the introduced gene. The implications for the use of patatin promoters in the genetic modification of tubers is discussed.
- AN 91:159177 BIOSIS
- DN BA91:84977
- TI THE EXPRESSION OF CLASS I PATATIN GENE FUSIONS IN TRANSGENIC \*\*\*POTATO\*\*\* VARIES WITH BOTH GENE AND CULTIVAR.
- AU BLUNDY K S; BLUNDY M A C; CARTER D; WILSON F; PARK W D; \*\*\*BURRELL M M\*\*\*
- CS ADVANCED TECHNOL., LTD., CAMBRIDGE SCIENCE PARK, CAMBRIDGE CB4 4WA, ENGL., UK.
- SO PLANT MOL BIOL 16 (1). 199 153-160. CODEN: PMBIDB N: 0167-4412
- LA English
- 13: NOVESTICOPY18NDOCLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

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L10 ANSWER 2 OF 18
AN 91:148020 BIOSIS
DN
   BR40:67625
TI
                   ***POTATO*** TRANSFORMATION AND REGENERATION.
   STRATEGIES FOR
   MITTEN D H; HORN M; ***BURRELL M M*** ; BLUNDY K S
AU
   CALGENE INC., 1930 5TH ST., DAVIS, CALIF. 95616, USA.
CS
   VAYDA, M. E. AND W. D. PARK (ED.). BIOTECHNOLOGY IN AGRICULTURE, NO.
    3. THE MOLECULAR AND CELLULAR BIOLOGY OF THE POTATO. XI+260P. C.A.B.
    INTERNATIONAL: WALLINGFORD, ENGLAND, UK; TUCSON, ARIZONA, USA. ILLUS.
   0 (0). 1991. 181-192. ISBN: 0-85198-654-4
LA
   English
L10 ANSWER 3 OF 18
   89:420900 BIOSIS
DN
   BR37:76363
   COMPARISON OF PATATIN INDUCED GUS EXPRESSION IN DIFFERENT CULTIVARS
TI
        ***SOLANUM*** -TUBEROSUM .
   BLUNDY K S; BLUNDY M A C; WILSON F; CARTER D; MOONEY P J; PARK W D;
ΑU
   ***BURRELL M M***
CS
   ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES LTD., CAMBRIDGE SCI. PARK, CAMBRIDGE, ENGLAND,
   CB4 4WA.
SO
   SYMPOSIUM ON PLANT GENE TRANSFER HELD AT THE 18TH ANNUAL UCLA
    (UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA-LOS ANGELES) SYMPOSIA ON MOLECULAR AND
   CELLULAR BIOLOGY, PARK CITY, UTAH, USA, APRIL 1-7, 1989. J CELL
   BIOCHEM SUPPL Ø (13 PART D). 1989. 296. CODEN: JCBSD7
DT
   Conference
LA English
13: W84001CORY18NB4CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL
                                                                   P0061
L10 ANSWER 4 OF 18
AN
   88:123993 BIOSIS
DN
   BR34:59855
ΤI
   GENETIC MANIPULATION IN ***POTATO***
   OOMS G; ***BURRELL M M*** ; KARP A; TWELL D; ROBERTS J
   ROTHAMSTED EXP. STN., HARPENDEN, HERTS.
   HORN, W., ET AL. (ED.). GENETIC MANIPULATION IN PLANT BREEDING;
SO
   INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM, BERLIN, WEST GERMANY, SEPTEMBER 8-13, 1985.
   XIX+909P. WALTER DE GRUYTER: BERLIN, WEST GERMANY; NEW YORK, NEW
   YORK, USA. ILLUS. 0 (0). 1986. 823-826. ISBN: 3-11-010596-9;
   0-89925-100-5
LA English
=> s blundy, k?/au
            9 BLUNDY, K?/AU
L11
=> s 111 not 110
            6 L11 NOT L10
L12
=> d 112 1-6 ti
L12 ANSWER 1 OF 6
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ALTERATION IN GLYCOLYTIC INTERMEDIATES BY GENETIC MANIPULATION OF PHOSPHOFRUCTOKINASE.

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 6

13: NG 4061 CORY 18ND 8 CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0062

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 6

TI EXPERIMENTAL MANIPULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION IN EMBRYOS OF

للد اسا و سنا ت ۱۰۰ م دهن ۱۰۰ م سنا ت در در د 66368 YEAST?/AB 81205 YEAST?/BI 20 L4 AND YEAST?/AB, BI

=> d 17 1-20 ti py

ANSWER 1 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS L7

TI A simple in vivo footprinting method to examine DNA-protein interactions over the \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* PYK UAS element

PΥ

L7

L7 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

ΤI A simple in vivo footprinting method to examine DNA-protein interactions over the \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* PYK UAS element

PΥ 1994

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Manuf. of soluble metabolic products using tranformed algae

PΥ 1993

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS 20:698395C09Y5AND1CLEAR PAGE, PLEAS6TN INTERNATIONAL

P0015

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

The isolation and characterization of the \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* TI lipolytica

PY 1992

ANSWER 5 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS L7

TI Isolation and characterization of the Aspergillus niger \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene

PΥ 1992

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

Manufacture of foreign proteins with stably \*\*\*transformed\*\*\* TI

\*\*\*yeasts\*\*\*

PΥ 1993

ANSWER 7 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS L7

Resulation of fitness in \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* overexpressing glycolytic TI enzymes: responses to heat shock and nitrogen starvation

PΥ 1992

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

ΤI Regulation of fitness in \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* overexpressing glycolytic enzymes: parameters of growth and viability

PΥ 1992

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

TI Multiple copies of the \*\*\*pyruvate\*\*\* \*\*\*kinase\*\*\* gene \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* cell growth 20:69R505COPY00ND2CLEAR PAGE, PLEASETN INTERNATIONAL

P0016

L7 ANSWER 9 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

PY 1990

L7 ANSWER 10 OF 20 CA COPYRIGHT 1995 ACS

ΤI Enhanced protein recombinant manufacture with \*\*\*yeast\*\*\* low in cAMP-dependent protein kinase activity

PΥ 1990

L7 ANSWER 11 OF 20 CA PYRIGHT 1995 ACS

Expression of a \*\*\* ast\*\*\* glycolytic gene subject to dosage ΤI limitation